

Software Manual Tritec Multi-Display-Manager MDM

Software Version 2.7.x

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Version history					
2.0		J.Bullacher	Manual split into two different manuals. A hardware set		
			up and software set up manual.		
			Changes for Model D, removed older model versions.		
			Overlapping in 'Administration'.		
2.1		J.Bullacher	Added 'Annotations' in on-screen user interface		
2.2	1.10.2018	J.Bullacher	Chapter 3.2.5: Added Reset admin password		
			Chapter 3.4.2: Added Input Stitching		
			Chapter 3.4.4.1: Added Color Model YCbCr		
			Chapter 3.2 TouchUI, in button arrangement tab, buttons		
			are arranged as defined in the 'settings' tab.		
			Chapter 3.2.3.2: larger font for on-screen menu.		
2.3	12.04.2019	J.Bullacher	Chapter 4. With new 'Modern TouchUI interface'		
2.4	03.07.2019	J.Bullacher	Added 'Fullscreen' and 'exchange with input channel'		
			in Chapter 5.0 On-screen user interface.		
2.5	29.7 2019	J.Bullacher	From this version on all changes are for MDM software		
			version 2.5.x. Version 2.4.x gets bug fixes only, no new		
			features.		
			New feature for version 2.5.2: in chapter 3.2.2 'Display		
			settings' added 'extended display' and correct the		
2.6	2 10 2010		license handling.		
2.6	2.10.2019	J. Bullacher	For software version 2.5.3 only:		
			New feature: beta version: Streaming see chapter 3.4.5		
			Virtual Inputs.		
			Extended features: Shrink Curve for region in chapter		
			3.4.4.1 Hardware tab		
			New 'DNS' entry in chapter 3.2.4.1 New FPGA firmware for MDI-7 and MDI-5		
2.7	31.10.2019	J.Bullacher	Clarified usage of 'Shrink Curve' algorithm.		
2.7	15.11.2019	J.Bullacher	Virtual Channels Chapter 3.4.5 added streaming and		
2.0	13.11.2019	J.Dunacher	made corrections		
2.9	10.02.2020	J.Bullacher	Added link to latest software versions and mouse driver.		
2.10	27.04.2020	J.Bullacher	Reviewed the document and corrected internal links.		
2.10	27.04.2020	J.Dunacher	Chapter 3.2.1.4 added: 'Screens', 2 or 4 sub-screens per		
			input and Center inputs.		
			Updated Figure 35: Channel Details.		
2.11	21.09.2021	J.Bullacher	New major release 2.6.0		
	21.09.2021		Includes streaming; uses new Linux version: bullseye		
			Changed: chapter 3.4.5 Virtual Inputs; all inputs can		
			now use streaming and included NDI protocol.		
			Opened port 5353 for mDNS Responder.		
2.12		J.Bullacher	Added: 'Device Name' in 'Configuration' Tab.		
			Added output streams in chapter 3.2.2 'Select Display		
			Arrangement'		
			Added Audio in/out in 'Display Settings' and 'Virtual		
			channels'. Manufacturing date of the MDM must be		
			October 2021 or newer.		
2.13	14.03.2022	J.Bullacher	New release 2.6.2 added 'dynamic mode' in 'Display		
			Arrangement' tab.		



			Experimental implementation of a YouTube Stream,				
			selectable in 'Display Arrangements'.				
2.14	14.03.2023	S. Philipp	Updated company name to Tritec Electronic GmbH				
			Updated admin password reset procedure chap 3.2.5.1.				
			 selectable in 'Display Arrangements'. Updated company name to Tritec Electronic GmbH Updated admin password reset procedure chap 3.2.5.1. Added hotkey assignment chap 3.2.1.11 r New release. Added 3.2.2.2 rotation and improved wording. New 3.4.4.2 MDI-10 and Etherface added Now for Hardware versions 'D' and 'E'. Updated composite display arrangement in legacy mode, chap 3.2.2.1 Updated display settings dialogue with auto connect mouse move feature, chap 3.2.3.3 Added input and output stream maximum size information Updated Tritec ® logo Updated chap. 3.3 and chap. 3.4 administration tab Updated chap 3.4.4.2 MDI-10 administration tab 				
2.15	13.07.2023	J.Bullacher	New release. Added 3.2.2.2 rotation and improved				
			wording.				
			New 3.4.4.2 MDI-10 and Etherface added				
			Now for Hardware versions 'D' and 'E'.Updated composite display arrangement in legacy mode,				
2.16	31.10.2023	S. Philipp	Updated composite display arrangement in legacy mode,				
			Updated display settings dialogue with auto connect				
			mouse move feature, chap 3.2.3.3				
			mouse move feature, chap 3.2.3.3 Added input and output stream maximum size				
			information				
2.17	29.01.2024	S. Philipp	Updated Tritec ® logo				
			Updated chap. 3.3 and chap. 3.4 administration tab				
			Updated chap. 3.5 start arrangement				
			Clarified chap 3.4.4.2 MDI-10 administration tab				
2.18	14.03.2024	S. Philipp	Updated chap. 3.3 administration tab				
			Added chap. 3.4.4.9 data masking				
2.19	6.5.2024	S. Philipp	Updated chap 3.4.3 and 3.5.1 with information for				
			aspect ratio control				
2.20	24.9.20024	S. Philipp	Added chap 3.4.4.3 MDI-11 / Etherface-1-Tx admin.				
			Updated chap 3.2.4.1 Network config with interface N2				
			Added not chap 3.2.2.1 DP to HDMI active adapter req.				



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1. Glossary

Input Channel

The physical input of a video stream. It is connected to the output of a PC or other video source. It is either a DVI or analog signal.

Virtual Channel

Similar to an input channel, but the input signal does not come through a connector. The input information may come through the network (Text, streaming etc.).

Output Monitor

When a 'set' is selected, it is the monitor on which all input channels are displayed during set-up and after arrangement.

Channel enable

When a channel is enabled and all parameters are set up, it is visible in the arrangement window and can be part of an arrangement (see also 'Screen enable').

Channel connected

Indicates the status of the input channel. When there is a stable input signal (h- and v- total are constant for several frames), then the channel is 'connected' or 'online'.

Screen

An input channel can be displayed as 1 or 2 screens:

- Screen 1 is always enabled and is the original input channel stream. It may be cropped.
- Screen 2 is a copy of the input channel. It may be cropped and positioned differently. It does not reduce the bandwidth.

Screen enable

Enabled screens take part in the arrangement. If they are disabled they are not displayed in the arrangement window.

Arrangement

The way input channels are arranged on the output monitor.

Layout / Set

A saved arrangement. For each 'layout' or 'set', any input screen can vary in position, size, scaling and cropping. The input screens and layout configuration screens are limited only by bandwidth and output monitor resolution. A 'layout' or 'set' can be selected by the browser interface or a remote interface.

Default Layout /Set

The default layout / set displayed after booting, as long as no other layout / set is selected.



MDI-5, MDI-6, MDI-7, MDI-10, MDI-11

MDI-5 MDI-6, MDI-7, MDI-10 and MDI-11 are the names for the input boards.

• For details see the technical specification of the boards in the Tritec[®] Hardware Installation Manual.

Absolute / Relative Mouse Positioning (Modes)

<u>Relative Mouse Positioning</u>: When a mouse is connected to a computer, it is used in the *so-called* Relative Mouse mode. The position of the cursor (pointer) is determined by relative mouse movements. Most operating systems have special settings that <u>accelerate</u> the cursor when the mouse is moved faster. There is a fixed relationship between mouse movements and cursors position on the display. MW-KVM does know about mouse movements, however does not know at which position on the display the cursor is shown. The disadvantage to Relative Mouse mode is that the user has to terminate the connection before he can establish a connection to another host PC.

<u>Absolute Mouse Positioning</u>: In 'Absolute Mouse Mode' there is a fixed relationship between the mouse and cursor. The <u>mouse acceleration</u> of the operating system is not used. In this mode, the MW-KVM does know where the cursor is shown. This mode mimics a more intuitive feeling by the user (hand - mouse - cursor - eye) It is much easier to control, and more predictable. The disadvantage this mode has is that a few programs control the mouse acceleration of the operating system and behave differently in absolute mouse mode. The Windows operating system has another problem when the extended display mode (two or more windows) is used. Installing a mouse filter driver on the Windows system can solve this problem. It can be found here: <u>https://www.multi-display-manager.com/software/</u>. Install it when the extended display functionality is used, even when only one of the extended displays is connected to the MW-KVM-1. Mac and Linux users do not need to install the driver.

Display Arrangement

Output physical displays and Stream scan be arranged in several ways and resolutions. As 8MP, 4MP or HD displays with Display Port, HDMI or DVI connections (depending on hardware capabilities)

Display arrangement is the first selection that has to be made. The system will switch the arrangement, reboot and does a reset to factory default for this arrangement.

Extended Display

Multiple physical output displays can be combined to form a single logical extended display. The extended display combines all of the arrangement area of the single displays together. This is similar to the 'extended desktop' functionality of modern operating systems.

Display Settings

Each display can be used in several ways – with an MDM-like functionality, as mirror, or with MDM-KVM-functionality. Not all of the selections may be visible for certain displays.

MDM-like functionality

In 'MDM-Mode' the display is located in the OR room. Layouts are switched by a bedside Touch PC or Table etc. No keyboard and mouse can be used to arrange or switch the layouts for this display.



Therefore, the arrangement of layouts, and the select and button assignments for this display are activated.

Mirror

Mirrors one or more inputs to one or more outputs. i.e. Output display 1 with 8 MP resolution can be mirror to one HD display (downscaled) and a second 8 MP display, or to a stream.

MDM-KVM-like functionality

In 'MDM-KVM-Mode' the display is located in the control room and keyboard and mouse can be used to arrange and switch layouts. The behavior is similar to the MDM-Mode but the windows can be moved and resized by the mouse. A double click connects keyboard and mouse to the attached PC. The layouts (grids) can be pre-arranged like in MDM mode.

Screenshot

Is a copy of the current content of the display to a storage device in .png format.

NDI®

Network Device Interface (NDI) is a high-performance standard that allows anyone to use real time, ultra-low latency video on existing IP video networks. <u>NDI.tv</u>

1.1 How to use MDM

MDM has two interfaces to use:

The Administration and Service interface and the User interface.

The Administration and Service interface needs to be used once during set up and in service cases. It is accessed through a browser interface (Firefox, Chrome or IE 10) and needs keyboard and mouse to be used. It is accessed at <u>http://mdm-ip-address</u>.

It is used for setting up: the network, the connected display, input channels the user interface etc. For more details refer to the MDM Manual.

The User interface is used by the end user to switch layouts.

There are several ways to implement a user interface:

- Through a touch monitor interface, or with a mouse and keyboard interface. For details see below.
- With a tablet or any PC with a touch monitor or monitor and mouse. For details see below.
- Via remote control commands sent via network with REST commands. Access is provided via https://mdm-ip-address/api. For details see the separate document 'External Software Interface Definition' available from Tritec Electronic.

1.2 Where to find latest updates.

New firmware updates and the latest manual can be found under this link:

https://www.multi-display-manager.com/software/



2. Set up Instructions

Please set up the MDM-1 hardware according to the 'Hardware Setup Manual for MDM' before using this manual.

This manual describes all settings that can be made via the 'Administration' browser interface of the MDM-1.

Follow these rules to set up the system:

- 1. Choose the 'Display Arrangement' from the configuration tab.
 - \circ This configures the number of displays, the resolution (8MP or lower) and the connectors.
 - During this set up the output connector numbers are shown to connect the displays correctly.
 - The system will reboot.
- 2. Chose the 'Display Settings' form configuration tab and follow the selections.
- 3. Change the network setting if necessary.
- 4. Set up the input channels.
- 5. Set up all other parameters.

The MDM ships with a factory default setup with all input channels visible on screen.

Figure 1: MDM Output Monitor with Default Layout

ut-1.1 No Signal	ut-3,1	ut-4.1	ut-5.1	ut-6.1	ut-7.1 ************************************	No Signal
No Signal No Signal		No ⁻¹² Signal	No Signal	212 201 Ga (236)		11/21 G 51
input-18.1gnal	No Signal	nput-20,1 No Signal			No Signal	No ²⁵ ignal
ut-25.1	No ⁻²⁵ ignal					



Source / Name	Default resolution	Input Conne ctor no.	USB Input no.	Priority 1 high x low	Desktop arrangement
Input 1	Auto resolution EDID: 1280x1024	1	no	1	auto
Input x	Auto resolution EDID: 1280x1024	x	no	x	auto

Table 1 Factory default set up



3. Administration Interface

To open the administration interface from a remote browser, use the default IP address: 169.254.213.44. Netmask 255.255.255.0. This address can never be changed but a second IP address can be specified in the network settings. This can be used for the network environment the MDM-1 is connected to. Chrome, Edge, or Firefox work fine.

Depending on the MDM customization, the user is required to log on with username and password and the initial default password may have to be changed, see chapter 3.2.5.1 for details.

Web Interface

The Web-Interface of the MDM has 7 tabs (see Figure 2 below), which are used to set up and manage the MDM. They are described in the following sections.

Figure 2: Administration tabs

MDM	•	Configuration	•	Administration	Arrangement	Select 🝷	TouchUI 🔻	Audio	Help
	Abo	out							
	Sta	tus							

3.1 MDM Tab

The MDM tab has two sub tabs: 'About' and 'Status'.

3.1.1 About

Shows all details about this Multi Display Manager System like:

- Line 3 shows the current display arrangement
- Overall version numbers
- TouchPC version number
- Custom version
- The display arrangement
- Serial number, etc.

The first line 'MDM SW Version' shows the active version of the software. To check for updates, visit our Web-page: https://www.multi-display-manager.com/software/



Figure 3: About

About				×
		Display Display Multi Display Mana Lengineered by Trite http://tritec.de/MD	ec Electronic AG	
MDM SW Version : 1.	6.1000			
Version : MDM-1SJM				
Display Arrangement	: default 8MP: 1			
MDM HW Serial: 902				
MDM Service : 1.6.12				
OS : Linux 3.13.0-md MDM HW Version : 00				
Mainboard : GA-990F				
LXCO EPMUX Device				
LXCO MDI Hardware				
LXCO MDI Layout (0)				
LXCO MDI FPGA Build				
LXCO MDI Hardware LXCO MDI Layout (1)				
LXCO MDI FPGA Build				
LXCO MDI Hardware				
LXCO MDI Layout (2)				
LXCO MDI FPGA Build				
LXCO Picture Multiple LXCO KMS Hardware				
LXCO KMS Failuware :				
appearance/SJM-8MP				
default-actions/defau				
default-elements/4x4	MP:1			
default/default : 2	-			
subtypes/subtypes : 2	2			
Licenses:				
logical_output_8 : en				
	enabled, expires never			

3.1.2 Status

Shows a detailed status of the Multi Display Manager system:

In the first line the messages shown below may be shown. If not needed they won't display. <u>'Default configuration file used'</u>:

- This is shown before the first set up is saved or when an error occurred while restoring the configuration file.
- If the default configuration is not used this line is not visible.

'MW-KVM booted from factory default software'



- Shown when a problem occurred during the update process and the software was not able to boot from the new version, instead it booted from a factory default version.
- Either try to update again or use the previous update version.
- 'Unexpected power failure' or 'reboot triggered by the watchdog'
- FPGA temperature (Celsius)
- On Board temperature (Celsius)
- CPU temperature (Celsius)
- Graphics board temperature (Celsius)
- Front Fan speed in rpm
- Internal fan speed in rpm
- Fsck.ext3 passed: 0 = the fsck passed; 1 = the fsck failed.
- Monitor outputs show the Vendor ID and Product ID of the attached monitors and the resolution set up by the MDM system.



Figure 4: Status

```
System Status - 2014-02-17 10:34:20 (2014-02-17 10:34:20 UTC)
                                                                 X
MDM did not shutdown properly
FPGA Temperature : 36
OnBoard Temperature : 30
Case Front Fan : 1254
Additional Fan : 1253
MDI 3.3 Volt : 3233
FPGA Supply Voltage : 889
MDI Supply Voltage +5V : 5382
Fan Supply Voltage +12V : 11437
System Power Supply : ok
Graphic Board Temperature : 65
Graphic PCIE : 5GT/s
CRTC output 1A : 1920 x 1080
Display output 1A : FUS-07A7 #1
CRTC output 1B : 1920 x 1080
Display output 1B : FUS-07A7 #1
CRTC output 1C : 1920 x 1080
Display output 1C : FUS-07A6 #1
CRTC output 1D : 1920 x 1080
Display output 1D : HWP-2867 #16843009
CRTC output 1E : 1920 x 1080
Display output 1E : FUS-07A7 #1
CRTC output 2A : 1920 x 2160
DP-DL DVI Converter 2A : link up x4, 2.7Gb, DL DVI, DVI 1 conne
Display output 2A : CLT-56D8 #16843009
CRTC output 2B : 1920 x 2160
DP-DL DVI Converter 2B : link up x4, 2.7Gb, DL DVI, DVI 1 conne
Display output 2B : CLT-56D8 #16843009
CRTC output 2D : 2560 x 1600
Display output 2D : DEL-4063 #825637196
MDI 1 : Lanes x8 5 Gt/s Boot block 1 Cal.ADC - -
MDI 2 : Lanes x8 5 Gt/s Boot block 1 Cal.ADC -
MDI 3 : Lanes x8 5 Gt/s Boot block 1 Cal.ADC - -
Display output : unlocked
Bandwidth MDI 1: 212MPx/s 34%
         MDI 2: 177MPx/s 29%
         MDI 3: 142MPx/s 23%
Systembandwidth: 531MPx/s 33%
GPU load rechts 18%
GPU load 4mp 14%
GPU load links 17%
GPU load hd 10%
GPU 1 load total 32%
GPU 2 load total 27%
Used GPU memory : 14% (max. 14%)
```



3.2 Configuration Tab

The configuration tab shows all sub tabs to setup the MW-KVM system.

MDM •	Configuration - Admin	nistration	Arrangement	Select 🔹	TouchUI 🝷	Help
	General Settings					
	Display Arrangeme	ent				
	Display Settings					
	Network Settings					
	System					
	Updates and Back	qu				
	Shutdown					

Figure 5: Configuration Sub-Tabs

3.2.1 General Settings

General Settings should be set up once at the beginning and are used system wide.

3.2.1.1 Device Name:

This name is used in network communication. By default, it's unique by using a part of the MAC-address of this MDM. It can be changed but should be unique in the local network.



Figure 6: General Settings

eneral Settings	×
Device	
Name: mdm-34	17f47
Background	
Color:	Color on No Signal:
Upload background logo:	Load image from Remove an existing background logo
Show background logo:	at the top left corner of the display
Enabled on:	Jisplay 1
- Watermark	
Upload watermark image:	Load image from Remove an existing watermark image
Show watermark image:	at the top left corner of the display \checkmark with transparency: 0 \checkmark %
Enabled on:	V Display 1
Carrows	
Available screens:	2 per input channel and display
Center screens:	
- Logging	
Log-Level: O High	Normal Off
- Remote Shutdown	
Allow system shutdown by	network:
- TouchUI	
Use: classic version	ı 💌
Browser	
Enable segment resize in "	Arrangement": Enable overlapping in "Arrangement":
Enable user-login for brow	ser-interface:
- Layout switch by hotkey	
Enable layout switch by hote	ey: 📝 - for hotkey layout assignment see tab "Hotkeys"
Select hotkey modifier:	Ctrl Alt Alt Gr Win Shift
Testpattern	
Uniformity	
Master	
	Save Cancel Help



3.2.1.2 Customized Background Logo

It is possible to upload one logo that is shown on the output displays in the background. It is covered when any input window is move to the same position. The larger the logo is the more GPU bandwidth is used to draw it. So, it is better to use a smaller size logo.

To administrate the background logos, go to 'General Settings'.

Use 'Load image from' to upload the logo from your PC with the browser. The logo is stored in the configuration file. The format of the logo must be 24bit colors, transparent PNG.

To remove an existing logo use 'Remove an existing background logo'.

To position the logo, use the 'Show background logo:' selection. The logo is positioned as selected independent of the display resolution.

'Enabled on' allows the user to select on which displays the logo should be visible.

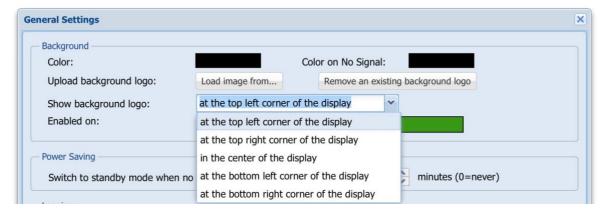


Figure 7: Customized Logo

3.2.1.3 Watermark

It's possible to upload a logo that is shown on certain output displays with a definable transparency. It can be used to overlay logos, words etc. only for certain outputs i.e. outside of the OR, mirrors.

Refer to chapter 3.2.1.2 Customized Background Logo how to configure the watermark.

3.2.1.4 Screens

- Available screens: By default; all input channels have two sub-screens (Screen1 and screen 2) in the 'Administration' tab. The two sub-screens can be extended to 4 sub-screens per input channel and display. All input channel settings and layout information are 'reset to factory' when changed.
- **Center screens:** By default; all inputs with a different aspect-ratio as given in the layout are top left adjusted. Now they can be centered. A reboot is needed after the change.



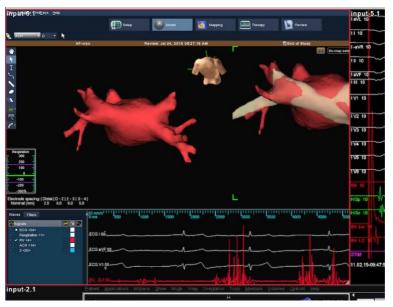


Figure 8: Input Channel fits layout

Figure 9: Input Channel fits to top left side

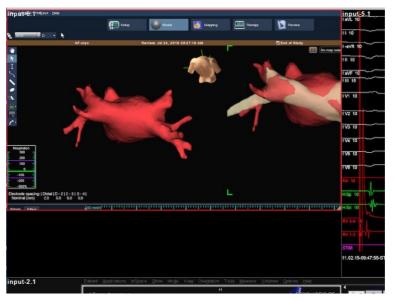


Figure 10: Input Channel is centered in height





3.2.1.5 Power Saving Standby Mode.

Some of the MDM models have a feature for saving energy called 'Standby Mode'. Standby mode reduces the power consumption of the MDM significantly. The monitor is sent to sleep mode as well.

Standby mode is entered when no video signal is active for a given, user defined, time. It is also used in MDM-KVM mode when activated (i.e. trough the TouchUI interface).

Standby is not supported with MDI-5 in hardware model 'D' and MDM-EL Entry Level model.

The system returns to normal mode when one of the digital video inputs has a stable signal (+5VDDC power must be connected), or in MDM-KVM mode, when a mouse click is made or 'Wake on LAN' is used.

The time to enter normal mode is approximately 35 seconds. When normal mode is resumed, the layout will either be the last set layout, or if no layout was set, the default layout (see chapter 'Display settings')

When power is turned off/on while the system is in standby mode, the system will power up with the same layout arrangement as set (last or default).

Power Mode	Normal (User Mode)	Normal Mode (during administration)	Standby Mode	Power off
Activated by	When not in administration, sleep, standby or power off mode	When administration window is open	After predefined time of no video signal on any video input (in normal user mode only)	When selected in administration mode or when enabled by software
Deactivated by	By activating one of the other modes	Closing the administration window	Any active digital video signal, Wake on LAN, return of lost power i.e. power switch at the back	Return of lost power i.e. power switch at the back
After deactivating restore to	-	Last/default user defined layout,		
Time to return to 'normal' mode	-	-	35s	35s
Power consumption	Nominal	Nominal	12W	Nominal
What happens when (unexpected) power is lost in this mode	InptionThis is an unexpected power off.This is an unexpected power off.ected)Reboot to the default/last layoutThis is very dangerous; the system may be corrupted. If everything		Reboot to last / de	fault layout,

Figure 11: Power Modes of MDM-1



3.2.1.6 Enable Logging

'Disable' or 'enable' logging' stops or starts the storing of the log files on the hard disk. It should be disabled during normal operation (the button 'enable logging' is displayed). When logging is enabled, care should be taken when powering off the system. Use the 'system shutdown' button before turning off the power.

3.2.1.7 Remote Shutdown

Mark the check box to enable a shutdown sequence through the network (xml-interface). By default, the remote shutdown is disabled.

3.2.1.8 Enable segment resize in 'Arrangement'

If the checkbox is marked it's possible to resize the windows in the 'Arrangement' tab with the mouse. For more details see chapter: 3.5 Arrangement.

3.2.1.9 Enable overlapping in 'Arrangement'

If the checkbox is marked it's possible to overlap the windows in the 'Arrangement' tab with the mouse. For more details see chapter 3.5 Arrangement.

3.2.1.10 Enable user-login for the browser interface

If the box is marked a new sub tab is visible for the 'User Administration' in the 'Configuration' tab.

For better security, the 'HTTPS' function should be enabled and tested before the user-login is enabled. When user log-in is enabled and saved, the browser has to be reloaded.

It returns with a typical log-in screen. The default login is:

User: admin

Password: mdm4711

Depending on the MDM customization, the default password has to be changed at first logon. If the password is lost, see chapter 3.2.5.1 for details.

If the user-login is disabled, all stored users are cleared and the default login is activated. For more details see chapter: 3.2.5 'User Administration'

3.2.1.11 Layout Switch by Hotkey

Hotkeys are used to switch to a certain layout by pressing one or multiple global 'hotkey modifier' keys together with the layout-specific number key 1, 2..0.

Hotkeys can only be used for displays that are configured in 'MDM-with-KVM' mode and are controlled by the keyboard that is selected as the corresponding input in the Display Settings dialog.

If a hotkey should change the layouts of multiple monitors, the monitors can first be combined to a single logical output display using the Display Arrangement dialog.

In the General Settings dialog (see Figure 6 on page 19), check 'Layout switch by hotkey' to enable hotkey layout switching. Use the check boxes to define one or multiple global hotkey modifier keys. If multiple modifier keys are defined, all keys have to be pressed together to activate a hotkey.

If hotkey layout switching is enabled, a menu tab 'Hotkeys' is displayed at the top web admin menu bar (see Figure 12).



After selecting the hotkey menu tab, choose the display for which layout hotkeys are to be defined. On the right side, select the layout to be switched to and drag the layout name with the mouse onto the hotkey identifier field 1 to 0 on the left. The hotkey identifier field is visually updated with the selected layout and the layout is assigned to the corresponding number key 1 to 0. Repeat until all desired layouts are assigned to hotkeys.

After configuration is finished, press the Save button to complete or the Cancel button to abort.

Hotkey Layout Assignment		×
For display: Display 1	*	
inpt -3.1 HKL Lab	input-1.1 input-2.1 input-4.1 input-3.1 input-5.1 Control Room	Layout Name Factory Default Layout Control Room HKL Lab
Hotkey 3	Hotkey 4	
Hotkey 5	Hotkey 6	
Hotkey 7	Hotkey 8	
Hotkey 9	Hotkey 0	
		Save Cancel

Figure 12: Hotkey Layout Assignment

3.2.1.12 Test pattern

Double click to select a test pattern from the list. The test pattern is displayed on all output displays full size.

When no longer needed type any key to continue. The test pattern size is adjusted to the resolution of the displays.



3.2.2 Select Display Arrangement

Select 'Display Arrangement' to set the connection or the arrangement of the output displays and / or streams.

This configuration should be done very early in the setup procedure, because many other tabs relate to this configuration.

There are two different ways for the display arrangement:

- Legacy mode, this is the mode with few fixed display resolutions.
- Dynamic mode, this is the mode that can handle all kinds of display resolutions.

Legacy mode is the one we used during the past and it did not change.

Dynamic mode is a new mode that can handle display arrangements like 3840x1440 or 3840x1600 etc. It can arrange displays horizontally, vertically or squares. For the maximum size please refer to the top write corner, where you can read 'max. composite display width xxxx pixel, max height yyyy lines per board'.

I. e. 16,384 pixel by 16,384 lines allow a horizontal line of 4 UHD displays side by side.

To switch between both modes, check the lower left side for a button 'Switch to dynamic mode' or when in dynamic mode 'Switch to legacy mode'.

Before switching to dynamic mode connect all displays and turn them on. The system will reboot and detect the displays.

3.2.2.1 Legacy Mode Display Arrangement

When opened for the first time the MDM is configured to the factory default setting.

The top left corner shows the amount of available display / stream licenses. If more licenses are needed, they have to be ordered. In legacy mode, licenses are used according to the display area. Each display / stream size of 1920x1080 needs one license. An 8MP display / stream needs 4 licenses, a 4MP needs 2 licenses etc. Factory default are 4 licenses.

The left most field in each line can be filled with the name of the display. This name is used to reference the display in all further selections.

Use the buttons at the end of the line to modify the configuration:

- The last line can be remove with the '-' button. The first lines should be used for displays with the highest resolution.
- The '+' button adds a new line for one more display.
- The '[]' buttons adds a display (no stream) to the same display forming an extended display. The display can be added 'right of' or 'below' the first display. i.e. two 4MP displays of 2560x1600 can be combined to one display of either 5160x1600 or 2560x3200. To form a square the second display is 'right' of the first display. The third is 'below' and the forth is 'right' of the third display. The maximum available size horizontally and vertically is shown in the top line. All displays must have the same timing (EDID data). Remember the maximum number of input channels mentioned in the 'Hardware-Installation Guide'.
- The 'Stream+' button adds a new line for a stream. Stream sizes of up to 8MP (3840x2160) are supported.



Figure 13: Legacy Display Arrangement

splay Arrangement (Le	egacy Mode)															×
vailable Display-License	es: total 48 - (9x 8MP or	19x 4MP or 38x HD d	isplays left)	Max.	composite displ	ay width 8	192 pixel	l, max. I	eight 4096 lines	s per boa	ird					
Display 1	with resolution:		 display conne 	ctor: DL-DVI	at MDM	connecto		4	use DP to DL-D	VI Conv	erter					
Display 2	with resolution:		display conne	ctor: DP 1.2	∼ at MDM	connecto			use direct DP c	onnectio	n					
Stream OR	with resolution:		stream type:	RTSP	bandwidth:	high	*									
Stream Control	with resolution:	HD (1920x1080)	✓ stream type:	WebRTC	bandwidth:	high	-	+	Stream+	-						
witch to dynamic mode													Save	Cancel	Help	

The current software supports a maximum of 3 to 6 physical displays, according to the MDM hardware model. Please refer to the *Hardware Installation Manual* of the MDM-5 for restriction due to hardware limitations.

According to the display video signal, the connector selection and the MDM hardware model, a text at the end of the line denotes eventually required video adapters.

Please note: MDM model E Basic DP outputs do not feature DP++. That results, video conversion to HDMI requires active adapters, not passive adapters! In contrast to that, MDM Mode E Advanced and Pro feature DP++ and thus passive adapters can be used.

For more information about available streams and further details please refer to this document:

https://www.multi-display-manager.com/download/application-note-video-over-ethernet-streaming/

After 'Save'ing the setup the system will reboot and all connected displays should show the factory default layout. The message box in the top left corner may show errors if the resolution of one of displays does not match the selected one.

Figure 14: Legacy Display Arrangement with one Extended Display

R 1	with resolution:		display connector:	DP 1.2	~	at MDM connector:	A	~	use direct DP connection	
R 2	with resolution:		display connector:		~	at MDM connector:		~	use direct DP connection	
ontrol Room	with resolution:		display connector:		*	at MDM connector:		~	use direct DP connection	
	position: rig	pht 💉 with resol	ution: 4MP (2560x160	0) 🔽 dis	splay co	onnector: DL-DVI	~	at MDN	1 connector: E	use direct DL-DVI connectio

3.2.2.2 Dynamic Mode Display Arrangement

Before switching to dynamic mode, connect and turn on all displays. For any arrangement of more than one display remember that the displays must be of the identical type (EDID data must be identical).



Figure 15: Dynamic Display Arrangement with 4 UHD Extended Displays

Available Display-Licenses	: total 8 - 2 displays or streams left	Max. composite display width 16384 pixel	, max. height 16384 lines		
Large Display 1	with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) V	rotated by: 0° 💙 at MDM connector:	A (3840x2160)		
Display 1 1.2	position: right 💙 with resolution	n: 8MP (3840x2160) V rotated by: 0°	➤ at MDM connector:		~
Display 1 1.3	position: right 🗸 with resolution	n: 8MP (3840x2160) V rotated by: 0°	→ at MDM connector:		~
Display 1 1.4	position: right 💙 with resolution	n: 8MP (3840x2160) V rotated by: 0°	✓ at MDM connector:	D (3840x2160)	~
Display 2	with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) V	rotated by: 0° 💙 at MDM connector:	E (3840x2160) 💙		
Display 3	with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160)	rotated by: 0° 🔺 at MDM connector:	F (3840x2160)	Stream+	-

When opened for the first time only one line is visible from the factory default setting. Before adding more displays; check if there are enough licenses available. In the top left corner of the display arrangement you find this line: 'Available Display Licenses: total xx - yy display or streams left'. This means this system has a total of xx licenses; yy licenses can still be configured. Each connector or stream needs one 8MP license. Additional licenses can be ordered.

For each possible output connector or stream one line is shown.

- The left most field in each line can be filled with the name of the display. This name is used in all further selections.
- Next a resolution can be selected. Set this value to the desired resolution. If the display does not support this resolution the software tries to set up the next smaller resolution the display offers.
- The output of single display can be rotated. Combined outputs generated with [] cannot be rotated. Rotation feature is available only on MDM-E Advanced and Pro editions.
- Next an output connector can be choosen.

More lines (displays or stream) can be added:

- The '+' button adds a new line for one more display.
- The '[]' buttons adds a display (no stream) to the same display forming an extended display. The display can be added 'right of' or 'below' the first display. i.e. two 4MP displays of 2560x1600 can be combined to one display of either 5160x1600 or 2560x3200. To form a square the second display is 'right' of the first display. The third is 'below' and the forth is 'right' of the third display. The maximum available size horizontally and vertically is shown in the top line. All displays must have the same timing (EDID data). Remember the maximum number of input channels mentioned in the 'Hardware-Installation Guide'.
- The 'Stream+' button adds a new line for a stream. Stream sizes of up to 8MP (3840x2160) are supported.
- The last line can be remove with the '-' button. The first lines should be used for displays with the highest resolution.

The maximum available size horizontally and vertically is shown in the top line. For hardware model 'D' the max. is either 4x8MP as a square or two 8MP in a row. For hardware model 'E' the maximum is either 2x3x8MP as a square or four 8MP in a row Remember the maximum number of input channels mentioned in the 'Hardware-Installation Guide'.

When adding or changing displays use the 'rescan' button in the middle of the lower part. Otherwise the new displays and their resolution are not visible.



For more information about available streams and further details please refer to this document:

https://www.multi-display-manager.com/download/application-note-video-over-ethernet-streaming/

Please refer to the hardware manual of the MDM-1 for the number of supplied connectors. Stream type details see:

https://www.multi-display-manager.com/download/application-note-video-over-ethernet-streaming/

After 'Save'ing the arrangement the system will reboot and all connected displays should show the factory default layout.

Figure 16: Dynamic Display Arrangement with one 3x2 UHD rectangle

with resolution: 8													
		50) 🗡 rol	tated by: 0° ~	1	it MDM connect	:10	A (38	340x2160) 🖌					
position: right	Y with r	resolution:		Y	rotated by:		Y	at MDM connector:		~			
position: right	with r	resolution:		~	rotated by:		Y	at MDM connector:		~			
position: below	with r	resolution:		~	rotated by:		~	at MDM connector:		×			
position: right	✓ with r	resolution:		Y	rotated by:		×	at MDM connector:		~			
position: right	✓ with r	resolution;		~	rotated by:		~	at MDM connector:		~			
with resolution: H	D (1920x1080	0) 💙 str	eam type: WebRT	с	Y bandwid	ith:	high	✓ Stream-	-				
	position: right position: below position: right position: right	position: right with position: below with position: right with position: right with position: right with	position: right with resolution: position: below with resolution: position: right with resolution: position: right with resolution:	position: right w with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) position: below w with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) position: right w with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) position: right w with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) position: right w with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160)	position: fight v With resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v position: below v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v	position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: position: below v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by:	position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* position: below v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0*	position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v position: below v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v position: right v with resolution: SMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v	position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: position: below v with resolution: BMP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0* at MDM connector: position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0* at MDM connector:	position: below v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: D (3840x2160) position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: E (3840x2160) position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: E (3840x2160) V position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0* v at MDM connector: F (3840x2160)	position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v ratated by: 0° v at MDM connector: C (3840:2160) v position: below v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v ratated by: 0° v at MDM connector: D (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v ratated by: 0° v at MDM connector: E (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v ratated by: 0° v at MDM connector: E (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v ratated by: 0° v at MDM connector: F (3840:2160) v	position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0° v at MDM connector: C (3840:2160) v position: below v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0° v at MDM connector: D (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0° v at MDM connector: E (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0° v at MDM connector: E (3840:2160) v position: right v with resolution: 8MP (3840:2160) v rotated by: 0° v at MDM connector: F (3840:2160) v	position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0 ^a v at MDM connector: C (3840x2160) v position: below v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0 ^a v at MDM connector: D (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0 ^a v at MDM connector: E (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0 ^a v at MDM connector: E (3840x2160) v position: right v with resolution: BMP (3840x2160) v rotated by: 0 ^a at MDM connector: F (3840x2160) v



3.2.3 Display Settings

The 'Display Settings' tab is used to set up each display or stream individually, after the arrangement of the displays or streams was selected in the 'Switch Display Arrangement' tab.

According to the displays arranged in the 'Display Arrangement' the displays / streams are shown here.

Use the 'Identify' button in the lower left corner to show the name of the display on the display.

Figure 17: Display Settings

Display Settings	×
right 4mp left hd	
MDM-1	~
MDM-1	
MDM-with-KVM Mirror Mode	tivity f 0 🗘 minutes (0=never)
None	

Pushing the 'Identify' button pops up the name of the display on each display for 5 seconds.

Select one of the following modes for each display or stream:

3.2.3.1 Display: MDM-1 Mode

In 'MDM-Mode' the display behaves just like an MDM, therefore the arrangement of layouts, and the select and button assignments for this display are active. No keyboard and mouse can be used for this display. Layout switching needs either a Touch User Interface or remote-control commands send via network with REST commands.

'Screenshot'

'Store Screenshot images'

Only screenshots triggered by the Touch User interface can be stored to a USB stick connected to one of the USB keyboard & mouse inputs.

'After reboot or standby reload the last layout'

Select which layout should be used after reboot, standby or power off.

'default layout' is the layout marked as 'default' in the arrangement tab.

'last layout' is the layout as defined in the arrangement tab, without any further user changes. 'last modified layout' is the layout as it was visible on-screen.

'Enable Splitter'

is used for error reporting only. When a DisplayPort Converter with Splitter is used and this item is checked, a missing splitter is reported and the missing display is reported, which is connected to the second output of the splitter. The 'System' tab and the 'Tests' part will use this information.

This option is for 8MP displays with a dual DVI connection only.



Figure 18: Display, MDM-1 Mode

8MP left 8MP DP Display 30Hz 8MP U	HD TV 4MP HD MIrror left Mirror
MDM-1	•
Store snapshot images:	on an attached USB stick 🗙 at: none
Default Layout After reboot or standby reload the:	Mouse and Keyboard input 4
Splitter Enable Splitter:	

3.2.3.2 Stream: MDM-1 Mode

In 'MDM-Mode' the stream behaves just like a physical display connected to MDM, therefore the arrangement of layouts, and the 'Select 'and 'button assignments' for this stream are active. No keyboard and mouse can be used for this display. Layout switching needs either a Touch User Interface or remote-control commands send via network with REST commands.

Display Settings	
Display 1 Display 2	Display 3
MDM-1	[Stream RTSP]
After reboot or standb	y reload the: default layout
- Streaming	
Enable Streaming:	
URL:	rtsp://10.0.5.92:8554/stream3
Audio in by:	Sennheiser USB headset: Audio
	none
	Line-in (blue)
	Sennheiser USB headset: Audio

'After reboot or standby reload the last layout'

Select which layout should be used after reboot, standby or power off.

'default layout' is the layout marked as 'default' in the arrangement tab.

'last layout' is the layout as defined in the arrangement tab, without any further user changes. 'last modified layout' is the layout as it was visible on-screen.

'Enable Streaming'

Enable/disable this stream.



'URL'

Copy this URL to the appropriate program/browser to receive the stream.

'Audio in by'

Enables an audio in source for this stream. Select either from a local 'Line-in' or an USB device. USB devices are not hot pluggable. Only one audio input device can be selected at any time.

3.2.3.3 Display: MDM with KVM Mode

In 'MDM with KVM-Mode' the display behaves just like an MDM but the windows can be moved and resized by the mouse. A double click connects keyboard and mouse to the attached PC Hardware option). The layouts (grids) are pre-arranged and activated like in MDM mode. See Figure 22.

Keyboard and Mouse section.

'Select a mouse and keyboard input for this display'

Let you select which of the four USB inputs are used for this display. A hub has to be used when keyboard and mouse are used. One mouse and one keyboard is allowed per input only. The touch USB output of a touch monitor can be connected in parallel to the mouse.

'Enable keyboard for this display'

Let you disable the keyboard to prevent the on-screen error message 'Keyboard not found'. A mouse / touch cannot be deselected (use MDM-1 mode instead) and when it is not connected an error message 'Mouse / Touch not found' is displayed on screen.

'Enable mouse and keyboard to connect to a remote PC'

Let you disable such connections for all windows on this display, even though a USB connection is defined for some input channels (windows) in the 'Administration' tab. To use this feature either a KMS hardware board has to be installed or the input connected to the PC must use a "ADIO' hardware (Refer to the ADIO manual from Tritec.

'Enable auto connect for mouse and keyboard'

When enabled, moving the mouse cursor across visible windows will switch the mouse and keyboard input focus automatically to the underlaying window without further interaction. Mouse cursors of deselected windows are hidden such that only a single mouse cursor is always visible. Note that local UI access is limited when the display area is fully occupied.

These two items are for the 'on-screen user interface'

'Mouse speed'

If faster or slower mouse movement is necessary it can be corrected here. Default and standard is '0'.

'Keyboard layout'

This selection is need for on-screen keyboard usage only like 'save layout as' etc.

'Enable Touch Monitor'

Enables a touch monitor for this output display. See chapter: 7 'Touch-Monitor Interface' for more details.



'Advanced' in keyboard and mouse section

These settings are valid only when 'Enable mouse and keyboard to connect to a remote PC' is activated.

Advanced Keyboard-Mouse Settings for all Dis	plays	×
Global Escape Character: Display window border when connected: on displays where a mouse is connected: Enable interception: Border color for local connected input: Border color for remote connected input:	Left Alt + Space with: 2 pixel width	
they I default lavout	Save Cancel Help	

Figure 20: Advanced in keyboard and mouse section

'Global Escape Character:'

If a window has a keyboard mouse connection to a PC type use the 'Global Escape Character' to open / break the connection.

'Display window frame when selected:"

Enables a border of the colour 'Border-Color for local connected input' of width 'pixel width' when a USB connection to a PC is established. If there is more than one display in KVM mode connected and if 'Enable keyboard and mouse to connect to remote PC' in 'Display Settings' 'MDM-KVM Mode' is marked and the same input channel is on-screen a border of 'Border-Color for remote connected input' is shown.

'On screens with keyboard/mouse connected only:'

In a system with MDM and KVM displays the border on a selected input is shown on the KVM display only.

'Enable interception: '

In a system with two or more KVM displays with a connection established on one display, a user on the other display can either 'intercept' the connection when turned on, or cannot intercept the connection.

On-screen arrangement.

'On-screen user interface'

Enables the on-screen user interface with a right click of the mouse. For more details see: chapter 6 On-screen user interface.

'Use a larger font for this display'

Use a larger font for the on-screen menu.



'Enable moving of windows for this display'

Enables or disables moving of all windows on this display. Enable or disable moving of a single window in the 'Arrangement' tab.

'Moved windows will swap on this window'

Dragging and dropping a window over another window will swap the position of these windows. Windows cannot be resized.

'Enable resizing of windows for this display'

Enables or disables resizing of all windows on this display. Enable or disable resizing of a single window in the 'Arrangement' tab. Windows cannot be swapped.

'Advanced' in on screen arrangement

These settings are valid only when 'On-screen user interface' is activated.

Figure 21: Advanced in on screen arrangement

Advanced Mouse Settings for all Displays		×
Mouse Cursor Fadeout after:	0 seconds (0=never)	
	Save Cancel Help	

'Mouse Cursor Fadeout after:'

When the mouse or touch monitor is not touched for this number of seconds, the cursor is turned off. Touching the mouse turns it on again.

Screenshot

'store screenshot images on'

on an attached USB stick connected to the same USB hub as keyboard & mouse. Or to FTP server. Screenshots can be triggered via the Touch User interface (chap. 4) or via the context menu of the on-screen user interface (chap. 6).

Power Saving

'Send this display to sleep after no mouse and keyboard activity for xy minutes'

The graphics output is stopped and the display goes to sleep, a mouse or keyboard click will activate the graphics output again.

'After reboot or standby reload the last layout'



Select which layout should be used after reboot, standby or power off.

'default layout' is the layout marked as 'default' in the arrangement tab.

'last layout' is the layout as defined in the arrangement tab, without any further user changes.

'last modified layout' is the layout as it was visible on-screen.

'Enable Splitter'

is used for error reporting only. When a DisplayPort Converter with Splitter is used and this item is checked, a missing splitter is reported and the 'missing display connected' to the second output of the splitter. The 'System' tab and the 'Tests' part will use this information. This option is for 8MP displays with a dual DVI connection only.

Display Settings					
Display 1 Display 2 Display 3					
MDM-with-KVM					
Keyboard and Mouse	······				
Select a mouse and keyboard input for this display:	Mouse and Keyboard input 1 Advanced				
Enable a keyboard for this display:	V				
Enable mouse and keyboard to connect to a remote PC:	V				
Enable auto connect for mouse and keyboard:					
Mouse Speed:	slower faster				
Keyboard Layout:	English (US) English (US, intl., with dead keys)				
Enable Touch Display:					
TouchUI					
Enable TouchUI:	V				
On screen arrangement					
Enable onscreen User-Interface:	with all features Advanced				
Onscreen User-Interface font size:	small 👻				
Enable onscreen moving of windows for this display:	V				
Moved windows will swap on this display:					
Enable onscreen resizing of windows for this display:					
Enable overlapping of windows for this display:	V				
Screenshot					
Store screenshot images: on a FTP server	×				
Power Saving					
Send this display to sleep after no mouse and keyboard activity for: 0 🗘 minutes (0=never)					
After reboot or standby reload the: default layout	×				
Splitter					
Enable Converter: none	×				
Enable Splitter: none	M				
Identify	Save Cancel Help				

Figure 22: MDM with KVM Mode

3.2.3.4 Stream: MDM with KVM Mode

There is no MDM with KVM mode for streams.



3.2.3.5 Display: Mirror Mode

This display is a mirror of the display selected. Only displays on the same output board can be mirrored. If the resolutions are different the mirror includes scaling.

Figure 23: Mirror Mode				
Display 1				
Mirror Mode				
Enable mirroring for this display: Enable zoom and pan with mouse:	none 💌			

'Enable zoom and pan with mouse'

A double middle click of the mouse connected to the 'mirrored' display zooms the mirror to the original unscaled size of the 'mirrored' display. When the display of the mirror is smaller, only a part of the original image is visible. To pan to other areas, press the middle mouse button and move it. Another double click of the middle mouse button returns to the scaled image.

3.2.3.6 Stream: Mirror Mode

This stream is a mirror of the display / stream selected. If the resolutions are different the mirror includes scaling.

rigure 24. Stream. Millor Moue	Figure 24:	Stream:	Mirror	Mode
--------------------------------	------------	---------	--------	------

splay 1 Display 2	Display 3		
1irror Mode	~	[Stream RTSP]	
Mirror display			
Enable mirroring for t	his display:	none	~
		none	
Streaming		Display 1	
Enable Streaming:	V	Display 2	
URL:	rtsp://10.0.5.92:8554/stream3		
Audio in by:	Sennheiser USB headset: Audio		~

'Enable Streaming'

Enable/disable this stream.

'URL

Copy this URL to the appropriate program/browser to receive the stream.



'Audio in by'

Enables an audio in source for this stream. Select either from a local 'Line-in' or an USB device. USB devices are not hot pluggable.

3.2.3.7 None

Use 'None' if no display is connected to avoid unnecessary error messages.

3.2.4 Network Settings

The network settings tab allows setting up the networking itself, a NTP server address where exact time can be fetched from, if available. The time is used for the log-information only.

3.2.4.1 Network

The MDM ships with DHCP deactivated. The default IP configuration is IP-address 10.0.1.110 with netmask 255.255.255.0. The MDM has two external RJ45 network ports, named N1 and N2. Using N2 requires software 2.7.4 and higher (see Figure 25).

If for any reason the IP address is miss-configured or unknown, the MDM can always be reconfigured under the IP-address 169.254.213.44 as follows:

- 1. Make a direct Ethernet connection to the MDM from another computer. On the computer, disable other network interfaces, WLANs and VPNs.
- 2. Set this computer to 169.254.213.1, Netmask 255.255.255.0.
- 3. Open a browser and enter 169.254.213.44
- 4. You should now see the MDM main screen, go to Configuration and set up the network as needed. Don't forget to reboot and change your computer back to the desired network address.
- 5. Please note when using both network interfaces N1 and N2, the default IP above is usable only at N1.

Network Settings				×
Network FTP NTP	HTTPS			
Use DHCP:				
Static IP-Address:	10.0.4.41			
Netmask:	255.255.255.0			
Gateway:	10.0.4.254			
DNS Server:				
Use 2nd Ethernet Interface:	7			
Use DHCP:	V			
Static IP-Address:				
Netmask:				
Gateway:				
DNS Server:				
		Save	Cancel	Help

Figure 25: Network Settings



3.2.4.2 FTP-Server

The FTP service is used to store/restore the configuration file and for software updates. When a screenshot is triggered via a Touch PC or on-screen the screenshots are stored on the FTP server as well. They are store under the name: 'snapshot-displayname-date-time.png' The browser supports 'http' for update und configuration file store/restore from the external host PC the browser is running on.

Figure	26:	FTP

-gn	letwork Settings		×
	Network FTP NTP		
	Server:		
	Port:	21	
	Username:		
	Password:		
	Directory:		

3.2.4.3 Network Time

The NTP service is used to synchronize the internal clock to an external NTP Server. Enter an IP address. Do not enter a name. If a NTP server is found the NTP time is used as system time and the hardware clock is updated, if no server is found the internal clock is used. A NTP server is not mandatory.

Figure 27: N	TP
--------------	----

Net	work Settings	×
N	etwork FTP NTP	
	NTP Server:	

3.2.4.4 HTTPS

By default, MDM is not using secure browsing. Here secure browsing can be enabled. It should be used whenever possible.

Before https can be enabled either a self-signed certificate has to be created or a certificate has to be imported.



Figure 28: HTTPS

ľ	letwork Settings	×	0
	Network FTP NTP HTTPS		
L			I
L	Enable HTTPS:		I
l	Force WebUI to use HTTPS:		
l	Force WebServices to use HTTPS:		
	Create a self-signed certificate		
	Import a certificate		
	Active certificate		

After activating a certificate, the 'Enable HTTPS:' button can be checked.

It enables HTTPS in parallel to HTTP.

Then there is the choice of using just the browser interface to be forced to use HTTPS or the REST-interface as well. All accesses to HTTP will then be redirected to HTTPS. Check 'Force Browser-interface to use HTTPS' to use the browser interface with HTTPS. Check 'Force REST-interface to use HTTPS' to use the REST-interface HTTPS.

After saving these values the system will reboot.



3.2.5 User Administration

Refer to chapter: 3.2.1.10 'Enable user-login for the browser interface' to enable the 'User Administration' tab. Then reload the browser.

A new tab under the 'Configuration' tab becomes visible: 'User Administration'. Two permission levels of users can be defined: 'Service' and 'User'. Service users can access all items without restrictions. Users can access the following tabs only:

- 'MDM' all tabs
- 'Configuration' 'Shutdown'
- 'Administration' all tabs
- 'Arrangement' all tabs
- 'Select' all tabs
- 'Touch UI' 'Button assignment'

Figure 29: User Administration

User Administration				×
Username	User Details			
admin	Please enable HTTF	PS too when working with us	er logins!	
	Username:	admin		
	Password:	•••••		
	Password (repeat):	•••••		
	Full Name:	Service-User		
	Permissions			
	User:			
	Service:	\square		
		New Save	Delete	Cancel

To modify a user, fill in the fields and press 'Save'.

To add a new user press 'New' fill in all fields and press 'Save'. To delete a user select it on the left-hand side and press 'Delete'

To log-off select the user name in the top right-hand corner and 'logoff'.

Figure 30: Logoff

Service-User 10 messages



3.2.5.1 Admin Password Reset

To reset the administrator password, physical access to the display connected to output 1A and access to the zero configuration IP address (which is typically not routed) is necessary.

- 1. Connect to the MDM system via IP address: 169.254.213.44 (no other IP address allows to reset the password).
- 2. Reboot the MDM, if neccessary by a hard power off.
- 3. For the first 5 minutes after this reboot the login window displays a button 'Restore Admin User'.
- 4. After confirmation, the display connected to output 1A will show a 12-digit password reset token for 10 minutes. For security reasons, mirrors will be deactivated while the password reset token is shown.
- 5. Enter the token in the web application and proceed. If the reset was successful the user and password are set to the default values. Default user is set to: 'admin' and the password is set: 'mdm4711'. If it fails (more than 10 minutes or wrong reset token) the user can reboot the MDM and start over again.



To reset the administrator password, connect to the MDM system via IP address: 169.254.213.44. A login window is visible with a button 'Reset Admin User'. If pushed the user is set to: 'admin' and the password is set: 'mdm4711'.

3.2.6 Update and Backup

Updates the software and backups the configuration and log files. All these files are located in the home directory of the FTP-server.

The tab 'HTTP' is available only when the administration window is opened from a remote browser running not running on the MDM itself. The selected files are stored or loaded from the local PC and not from a FTP server.

Update and Backup	×
FTP HTTP	
Software Update	
Check on FTP-server	
Configuration Backup	
Store current configuration on server Restore saved configuration from server	
Logfile Backup	
Store logfiles on server	
Keypad Layout Image	
Load image from server	
Configuration Reset	
Reset to factory default	
Cancel Help	

Figure 31: Update and Backup

3.2.6.1 Software Update

"Check now" searches the specified home directory of the FTP server or local file for a file of type 'mdm-1XY-Software.tgz', where XY is the custom identifier (OV, or empty for the Tritec version). Be sure to select a .tgz file and no other suffix.



This file is downloaded and used to upgrade or downgrade the current hardware (FPGA of the MDI boards) or software and attached Touch PCs.

The system reboots after a software update. The user has to make a power cycle after a hardware update. Wait until the message 'It's save to power off now' appears on the output monitor screen.

After the system rebooted all attached Touch PC are updated, when the version numbers differ, and rebooted.

Software version 2.3.x is the only version that can be used to downgrade from higher software versions like 2.4.x. Upgrades to version 2.4.x can be done from any 2.x.x version.

3.2.6.2 Configuration Backup and Restore

The configuration contains all variable data made during the use of this software, such as network set up, input specifications, arrangements and sets etc.

This configuration should be stored on the specified FTP server or local file by selecting 'Store configuration on server'. It can be restored from a FTP server or a local file by clicking 'Restore configuration from server'.

If a configured MDM has to be exchanged, backup its configuration and restore it on another MDM. It will work exactly the same way after restoring the configuration file.

3.2.6.3 Configuration Reset

When 'Reset to factory default ..' is selected, the system resets the configuration to factory or custom default values, which ever was specified. See Table 1 Factory default set up.

3.2.6.4 Logfile Backup / Store Logfile

When 'Store logfiles on server' is clicked, a copy of the local log files is made and stored on the FTP server or local PC as 'logfiles-YYYY-MM-DD-hh-mm-ss.tgz'. Tritec can use this file for failure analysis.

3.2.7 System

This Tab is for debugging and screenshots only.

3.2.7.1 Screenshot

To take a screenshot click 'Screenshot of Display: exyz'.

Wait a few seconds and a window will open, which shows the output image, as it should be visible on the output display at this time. If the screenshot looks nice but the image on-screen shows errors check the connections between the graphics board and the monitor.

3.2.7.2 Test

Activating the 'Connection Test' will check if all displays and, if defined, that all splitters are connected. The connection test is reading the EDID data from the display for several seconds to detect possible problems on the I2C bus of the DVI/DP connection.

Not supported on MDM model EL.

The video quality test checks if the video quality between the graphics board memory and the DisplayPort to Dual-Link DVI converters is free of pixel error.



Figure 32: System

System				×
Snapsho	ots			
	Snapshot of display: left	Snapshot of display: 4mp	Snapshot of display: left hd 1	
s	Snapshot of display: left hd 2	Snapshot of display: 8mp right	Snapshot of display: hd 1	
S	napshot of display: Display 7	Snapshot of display: Display 8		
- Tests -				
Conn	ection Test Video Quality Test			
	,			
				Close Help

3.2.8 System Shutdown

Reboot-ing or shut-ing down of the system can be selected in this tab.

If the system is shut down a message is displayed on the output monitor that it is safe to turn the power off. Note, the system itself does not turn off the power.

Wait for the message 'It's save to power off now' appears on the output monitor screen and turn off the power.

After a power cycle the default grids are shown.

Figure 33: System	Shutdown
-------------------	-----------------

System Shutdown	×
Are you sure you want to shutdown	or reboot the system?
Shutdown Reboot	Cancel



3.3 Administration

Administration is the tab to set up all input channels.

On the left-hand side all input channels are shown. The number of the input channel shown is related to the connector at the back of the system. Numbers may be missing if MDI-6 boards are used. (the second input is used for the Dual Link DVI input at the first input channel)

The tree structure of the inputs shows the dependency of the channels (see Figure 34). On the second tree level, the MDI input boards are shown. Depending on the MDI board type, it features either native video inputs (HDMI etc.) or network ports (optical SFP+ connectors). Network ports have to be connected directly or via an optical network switch to Tritec Etherface-1-Tx devices. Network connections can transport one (MDI-10) or more (MDI-11) logical video channels. 'Virtual' inputs are inputs without a physical connection. They can be addressed by 'REST' commands and used as streaming input.

The icons in front of the input channel number change depending on the status of the input channel.

- Channel not enabled
- Channel enabled, Etherface-1 connected, no valid input signal

Channel enabled and connected with a valid input signal

Channel enabled and not connected (No signal)

- Virtual channel not enabled
- Virtual channel enabled

3.4 Setting up an input channel first time

Select an input channel by clicking into one of the channel icons at the left side. These icons show the channel number and an assigned name.

When an input is selected first time it has to be enabled first (select 'channel enable' and then press 'Apply').

Use the checkbox 'Show Input', to have selected the inputs to be shown on the output display; which is defined in the first line of the 'Display Arrangement'.

For each input channel an icon can be taken at any time. This icon is used in the 'Touch User Interface' and the 'Arrangement' tab to represent this input. To create such an icon go to the 'Channel Icon' tab in the 'Advanced' area. Chapter 3.4.4.9 Data Masking

If a keyboard and mouse is connected and an USB port was assigned it is possible to move the cursor over the displayed input channel and double click to connect keyboard and mouse to this input.

The connection is made differently from the normal connection mode. It is possible to access the full Windows screen of all windows, in an extended display arrangement, to make modification in Windows XP.

Windows will need approximately 7 seconds before the cursor can be moved. To exit this mode type 'Left Control' key + 'space' key.



Administration	×
🖃 🎬 Channels	Channel Details
🖃 🍽 MDI-Board no. 1	
🖃 🔤 Port 1 - IN	Info
✓ Channel 1 <control-pc></control-pc>	Channel enabled:
🖃 🔤 Port 2 - IN	State: video connected USB not connected
Channel 2 <windows></windows>	Transparency: 0
🖃 🔤 Port 3 - IN	
Channel 3 <room1></room1>	Screen 2 Screen 2
🖃 🧰 Port 4 - IN	
Channel 4 <room2></room2>	Screen enabled: 📝 Font: cc 👻
🖃 🧰 Port 5 - IN	Screen Name: Control-PC Font Size: 24
Channel 5 <x-ray></x-ray>	Name permanent: Font Color:
🖃 🥅 HDMI 1	
Channel 6 <input-6.1></input-6.1>	Border enabled: V Position H: 2
🖃 🥅 HDMI 2	Border Color: Position V: 2
Channel 7 <input-6.1></input-6.1>	Border Width: 1 💌
🖃 🥅 HDMI 3	
Channel 8 <input-8.1></input-8.1>	Aspect-Ratio locked: 🔽
🖃 📼 HDMI 4	
Channel 9 <input-9.1></input-9.1>	
🖃 뛞 MDI-Board no. 2	
Channel 10 <ekg></ekg>	Advanced
Channel 11 <linux></linux>	
Channel 12 <cam1></cam1>	Hardware Info Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling Disable Arrangement Data Masking Channel Icon
Channel 13 <cam2></cam2>	
Channel 14 <mapping></mapping>	PC's Keyboard/Mouse USB port connected to: Etherface port
Channel 15 <input-15.1></input-15.1>	This video input is: the connected part of an extended desktop
Channel 16 <live></live>	Select PCs OS: Windows v and method to terminate MDM to PC connection: by clicking outside window v
Channel 17 <input-17.1></input-17.1>	
Channel 18 <virtual-input-4></virtual-input-4>	Desktop Width: 1920 💠 Desktop Height: 1080 💠
🖃 🔄 Virtual Channels	Position H: 0 🗘 Position V: 0 🗘
Virtual 1 <virtual-input-1></virtual-input-1>	
Virtual 2 <virtual-input-2></virtual-input-2>	
Virtual 3 <virtual-input-3></virtual-input-3>	
Virtual 4 <virtual-input-4></virtual-input-4>	
Virtual 5 <input-8.1></input-8.1>	
Show Input: 🔽	Apply Cancel Help
Show input:	Apply Cancel Help

Figure 34: Detailed view of 'Administration' tab.

Open the 'Advanced' tab on the left side, and find information about the actual data of the input channel described here:

' Hardware tab' tab: If a valid input is connected the state 'connected' should be seen. For analog inputs open the 'Analog' tab.

When an input is selected (single click), a window in the right part of the browser opens. This input view shows some status information of that channel and allows administration of this input channel.

3.4.1 Main Administration Tab

3.4.1.1 Info

- **Channel enable:** Enables or disables this channel in the 'Arrangement' tab. On shared channels, enabling one channel will automatically disable the other shared channel and vice versa.
- **State:** gives a quick overview of the channel:
 - If there is an active video connection at this input the message "connected" is shown and the resolution and refresh rate is shown.
 - If there is an active USB connection at this input the message "connected" is shown and the port of the KMS board is shown.



• **Transparency:** Sets the transparency of this window. 0 = no transparency; 100 = fully transparent.

Channel Details	
Info Channel enabled: State: video connected Transparency: 0	USB not connected
Screen 1 Screen 2	
Screen enabled:	Font: cc 🗸
Screen Name: Control-PC	Font Size: 24 🗸
Name permanent:	Font Color:
Border enabled:	Position H: 2
Border Color:	Position V: 2
Border Width: 1	
Aspect-Ratio locked:	

3.4.2 Input Stitching

With stitching either 2 or 4 input channels can be combined to form one 8 MP channel. Input stitching is available only with the MDI-7 input boards.

Inputs 3 and 4 can be stitched together side by side (input 3 is left side, input 4 the right side) to form an input that is twice as wide.

Input 3 can be used for all further settings, input 4 can be used only to check the input signal (resolution etc.).

Inputs 5,6,7 and 8 can be stitched together, input 5 is the top left, input 6 the top right, input7 the bottom left and input 8 the bottom right of combined input window.

Input 5 can be used for all further settings, inputs 6,7 and 8 can be used only to check the input signal (resolution etc.).

Figure 36: Input Stitching

C	hannel Details			
	— Info ———			
	Channel enabled:	V	Combine input 3 and 4 side by side to form a single input:	
	State:	video not connected	USB not connected	
	Transparency:	0		

3.4.3 Screen 1

Note: Screen 1 is always enabled.



- Screen Name: is a field to enter a name for the channel and screen. This name is used in all following communication and as title bar on the output screen.
- Screen Alias: if a name is entered it's displayed on screen instead of the name.
- Name permanent: enables or disables displaying of the name on-screen
- **Border enable:** enables or disables the border of a window
- **Border Color**: a click opens a file to select the color of the window bar; which displays the name and the grids.
- **Border width**: defines the width of the border.
- Aspect-Ratio Locked: enables or disables the ability to break the aspect ratio size/height of the input to allow anamorphic stretching. Can be controlled in tab of screen 1 and is equal for all screens of an input. Use the detailed window of an input in the arrangement view to set the size and heigh values, see Figure 64.
- Font/ Font Size/ Font Color/ Position H/ Position V: are related to the name as displayed on screen and allows changing its font, the size, the color and the position.

3.4.3.1 Screen 2 to 4

A second screen can be enabled. It shows the same content as screen 1. It can be used during the arrangement to crop certain areas of the input and display these at different locations on screen.

All of the selectable fields are the same as in screen 1.

To enable more than 2 screens go to 'Configuration' 'General settings' 'Screens' and switch to 4 input channels per display.

3.4.4 Advanced

The 'Advanced' button opens a set of 4 to 5 sub tabs. These tabs should be set up very early after connecting the input channels.

3.4.4.1 Hardware tab for MDI-7 input board

At the left side of this window, basic information about the actual input is shown and is refreshed every 2 seconds.

- **Input connectors:** When an ADIO input converter is connected all available connectors are shown. If one of the input connectors is connected the background color is highlighted green.
- **Direct connection:** The input signal is directly connected to the input connector
- **ADIO without optical connection:** The input signal is connected via an ADIO Tx-board directly to the input connector.
- **Resolution:** is the actual resolution and the refresh rate measured at this moment in the input board.
- **Pixel-Clock**: shows the pixel clock of the selected input in MHz.
- **Color:** Color model of the input. All inputs allow RGB 888 as color model. Additionally, on MDI-7 inputs 1-4 can handle YCbCr 4:4:4 as color model. YCbCr is visible but without color information.



Figure 37: Hardware tab, no ADIO connected

Advanced			
Hardware Info	Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling	Analog Display Arrange	ment Channel Icon
Input Con ectors: direct connection		Preferred Input Timing:	1920x1080@60Hz 🗸
Resolution:	1920 x 1080 @ 59.9Hz	Rotate clockwise by:	0 🕶 degrees
Pixel-Clock [Mhz]:	140		
Color:	8 bpp RGB 444	Enable Shrink Curve Algorithm:	with threshold: 9

Figure 38: Hardware tab, with ADIO connected

Advanced				۲
Hardware Info Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling		nalog Display Arranger	ment Channel Icon	
Input Connectors:	DP HDMI DVI	VGA S-Video	CVBS YPbPr SDI	
ADIO without optical connection		Preferred Input Timing:	1920x1080@60Hz 🗸	
Resolution: 19	20 x 1080 @ 59.7Hz	Rotate clockwise by:	0 🖌 degrees	
Pixel-Clock [Mhz]: 14	18			
Color: 8 t	bpp RGB 444	Enable Shrink Curve Algorithm:	with threshold: 9	
non interlaced		Algonulin.		
				_

<u>Note</u>: The following set up should only be done once at the very beginning after all connections are made and the input signals are active (although they don't need to be active to do the set up).

- Max. Resolution (EDID Data): There is a drop-down menu to select a maximum resolution that is presented to the system (graphics board) connected to this input. (The same way a monitor presents its resolution to the system via EDID data). A refresh rate of 60Hz or 30Hz is used. The maximum selectable resolution depends on the capabilities of the input channel. Use this to limit the size of the input channel; this is the better solution then using a scaler to resize the input. You may need to reboot the computer (not the MDM/KVM) connected to this input channel. Default settings are digital for the digital channels, analog for the analog channels with a max. resolution of 1280 x1024 x75Hz, 1600 x1200x60Hz. For more details see Table 4: Details of EDID data sets. Using 1920x1080 includes all lower resolution data as well.
- Rotate clockwise: Allows the rotation of the input by 0, 90, 180 or 270 degrees.
- Enable Shrink Curve Algorithm (optional): only visible for channels 5,6,9 etc. can be used with a special algorithm that enhances thin curves (1 pixel wide) with a dark background when the input is scaled down (shrink) below 1:1. Shrink Curve algorithm is active with 'segment_identifier x.1' only. In other words, it is used only on 'Display 1' and screen 1. See 'Figure 39: Example of a Shrink Curve Region' how the result looks like when using shrink curve (left part) and not using shrink curve (right part).
 - **Disabled:** disables shrink curve behavior



- **Enabled (legacy):** enables the automatic detection of areas with thin curves in the same way as previous versions. Background color is black (<101010).
- Enabled with region: enables the shrink curve behavior in a region specified by the Top/Left and Bottom/Right corners. For details see: Figure 41: Shrink Curve with Region Selected. (This setting has shown excellent results with St. Jude Mapping system). The selected region is highlighted on the output display.
- **Use background color:** can be enabled with the 'region' mode. Enter the background color of the shrink curve region as RGB hexadecimal values. i.e. FF0000 is a red background. If not enabled the background color is <101010 (nearly black to black).

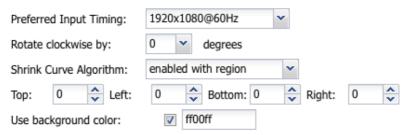


Figure 39: Example of a Shrink Curve Region

Figure 40: Shrink Curve Selection

Preferred Input Timing:	1920x1080@60Hz 🗸	
Rotate clockwise by:	0 💙 degrees	
Shrink Curve Algorithm:	disabled	~
	disabled	
	enabled (legacy)	
	enabled with region	

Figure 41: Shrink Curve with Region Selected





3.4.4.2 Hardware tab for MDI-10 input board

The hardware tab of an MDM with MDI-10 input board input 1 to 5 looks like Figure 42: Hardware tab with MDI-10 input board. Inputs 6 to 9 look like the hardware tab of the MDI-7 board see: 3.4.4.1 Hardware tab for MDI-7 input board.

The Shrink Curve algorithm (see chap. 3.4.4.1) can be enabled for inputs 6, 7 and 8 only.

When the hardware tab is open the 'Video Valid' LED of the connected Etherface-1 is blinking green, to identify the connected Etherface-1.

lvanced						
lardware Info	Keyboard & Mouse	Event Handling	Disable Arrangement	Data Masking	Channel Icon	
MDI Link up Input resoluti Rotate clockw	on 3840x2160, Color 8 ise by:	opp 422 progressive degrees	— ▼ MDI Har — ▼ MDI Net — ▼ MDI SFP	work Details		
Etherface found Etherfa	ce-1 10G Tx SFP+ Mod	ule to side	— 💌 Etherfa	ce Hardware Details -		-
Etherface nan	ne: ETHER	FACE-0040dc060004	- 💌 Etherfa	ce Network Details —		_
Video connect Input resoluti Color 8 bpp R	on 3840x2160 59.9Hz 5 GB 444 Full range		— Therfa	ce SFP+ Details		_
Loop through	not connected					
EDID:	3840x	2160@60Hz	*			

Figure 42: Hardware tab with MDI-10 input board.

The upper part marked with 'MDI' shows information of the MDI-10 input board.

- Link up is shown when an optical connection is established.
- **Input resolution** is shown when an Etherface-1 Tx is found and a video input is active.
- **Rotate clockwise:** Allows the rotation of the input by 0, 90, 180 or 270 degrees.
- MDI Hardware Details shows details of the MDI-10 board.
- **MDI-Network Details** show the MAC-Address of this MDI-10 input channel.
- **MDI SFP+ Details** show some of the parameters of the used SFP+ module.

The lower part marked with 'Etherface-1' shows details of the connected Etherface-1 module when connected.

- Found Etherface-1 10G
 - \circ Tx is the version that sends video data to the MDI-10 input card
 - SFP+ Module to side has the SFP+ module at the left side.
 - \circ SFP+ Module to front has the SFP+ module to the front.
- Use this name as screen name when connected, when checked replaces the name of the screen with the name entered as 'Etherface name' when the Etherface is



connected. This name is stored in the Etherface module. i.e. When an Etherface-1 is mounted on a mobile device like an Ultrasound caddy, its name is shown when ever it's connected to an MDM at any input.

The next few lines give more details about the connected video signal: HDMI, DP or SDI signal is connected, and the resolution and color details.

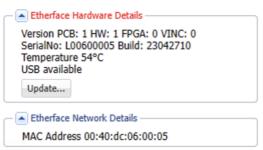
When 'Loop through is not connected' the preferred EDID timing can be chosen in the next line.

When 'Loop through is connected' the EDID data are given by the display connected to the loop through. There is the choice to use the EDID data from the MDI board, but the user should be aware that the display connected to the loop through may not be able to display this timing.

	<u>Fi</u>	gure 43: Lo	op through connected
Etherface found Etherface-1 10G Tx : Etherface name: Use this name as screen n: Video connected to HDMI Input resolution 3840x216 Color 8 bpp RGB 444 Full r	ETHERFACE ame when conr 0 59.9Hz 594MI	-0040dc060006	Etherface Hardware Details Etherface Network Details Etherface SFP+ Details
Loop through connected	EDID from:	loop through	
EDID:	1920x1080	loop through	
		MDI	

• Etherface Hardware Details: show the all kinds of version numbers and update information. It is marked in red when an update for the connected Etherface is available. Figure 44: Etherface Hardware Details. Future software updates may show more information.





- Etherface Network Details show the MAC-Address of the connected Etherface.
- Etherface SFP+ Details show some of the parameters of the SFP+ module use by the Etherface.

Trouble shooting MDI-10 to Etherface connections.

1. If there is no 'Link up' check the optical cables to the Etherface and the power of the Etherface (power LED must be green).



- 2. 'Etherface found' is the next step. If it's not visible check the Etherface 'Link/Act' LED it should light green or green blinking.
- 3. 'Video connected' is the last step. If it's not visible check the Etherface 'Valid Video' LED it should light green (valid timing) or blue (video is transmitted to the MDI board).

3.4.4.3 Hardware tab for MDI-11 input board

The MDI-11 input board is similar to the MDI-10 input board. It also features 5 x 10 Gbit/s optical SFP+ connections to Etherfaces. MDI-11 has no additional DVI-ports with HDMI-connectors. All ports a capable to use the Shrink-Curve algorithm with 2 areas.

In addition to MDI-10, each MDI-11 port features two different modes of operation:

- *Direct Connection*: Each port of the MDI-11 board can be directly connected to an Etherface-1 Tx interface (Factory default setting) similar to MDI-10. There is no need to setup anything special for the connection to the MDM. It's plug and play. See input 10 of port 1 of the second MDI-11 board in Figure 45.
- *Connection via 10G Ethernet Switch:* Each port of the MDI-11 board can be connected to up to three Etherfaces-1 via a single optical SFP+ connection to a commercial Ethernet switch. See inputs 22, 23 and 24 of port 5 of the same MDI-11 board.

Administration		×
🖃 🍽 Channels	Channel Details	
🖃 🌃 MDI-Board no. 1		
Channel 1 <input-1.1></input-1.1>	_ Info	
Channel 2 <input-2.1></input-2.1>	Channel enabled:	
Channel 3 <input-3.1></input-3.1>	State: video connected USB not enabled	
Channel 4 <input-4.1></input-4.1>	Transparency: 0	
Channel 5 <input-5.1></input-5.1>		
Channel 6 <input-6.1></input-6.1>	Screen 1 Screen 2	
Channel 7 <input-7.1></input-7.1>		
Channel 8 <input-8.1></input-8.1>	Screen enabled: 📝 Font: sans 💙	
Channel 9 <input-9.1></input-9.1>	Screen Name: input-10.1 Font Size: 24	
🖃 🌆 MDI-Board no. 2		
🖃 🔤 Port 1 - IN		
Channel 10 <input-10.1></input-10.1>	Border enabled: 🔽 Position H: 2 🗘	
Channel 11 <input-11.1></input-11.1>	Border Color: Position V: 2	
Channel 12 <input-12.1></input-12.1>	Border Width: 1 ×	
🖃 🔜 Port 2 - IN		
Channel 13 <input-13.1></input-13.1>	Aspect-Ratio locked: 🔽	
Channel 14 <input-14.1></input-14.1>		
Channel 15 <input-15.1></input-15.1>		
🖃 🧱 Port 3 - IN		
Channel 16 <input-16.1></input-16.1>	Advanced	8
Channel 17 <input-17.1></input-17.1>	Hardware Info Shrink Curve Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling Disable Arrangement Data Ma	sking Channel Icon
Channel 18 <input-18.1></input-18.1>	naruware Inio Sirinik Curve Keyboaru & House Event nandning Disable Arrangement Data Ha	sking Channel ICOn
🖃 🔜 Port 4 - IN	- MDI	î
Channel 19 <input-19.1></input-19.1>	Link up — MDI Hardware Details	
Channel 20 <input-20.1></input-20.1>	Input resolution 1920x1080, Color 8 bpp RGB 444 progressive	
Channel 21 <input-21.1></input-21.1>	Rotate clockwise by: 0 Y degrees	
🖃 🔤 Port 5 - IN	MAC Address 00:40:dc:03:03:5a	
Channel 22 <input-22.1></input-22.1>	Etherfaces connected to MDI: direct	ty 💌
Channel 23 <input-23.1></input-23.1>		<u> </u>
Channel 24 <input-24.1></input-24.1>	MDI SFP+ Details	
🖃 🚞 Virtual Channels	Mot Sire Detais	
Virtual 1 <virtual-input-1></virtual-input-1>		
Virtual 2 <virtual-input-2></virtual-input-2>	Etherface	
Virtual 3 <virtual-input-3></virtual-input-3>		
Virtual 4 <virtual-input-4></virtual-input-4>	Etherface name: ETHERFACE-0040dc03033e Etherface Network Details	
Virtual 5 <virtual-input-5></virtual-input-5>	Use this name as screen name when connected: Video connected to HDMI	
Show Input: 🔽	Apply	Cancel Help

Figure 45: MDI-11 Administration Hardware Tab



To connect up to tree Etherfaces-1 to a single MDI-11 port, follow the following instructions:

- Connect the MDI-11 port with one of the switch ports.
- Connected the Etherface-1 SFP+ port to the switch ports.
- In the Administration view, select the first input of the connected port of the MDI-11 and select the 'Hardware Info' tab. Change the setting of the 'Etherfaces connected to MDI:' from 'directly' to 'via switch' (see Figure 46).
- In the second section below, open the 'Etherface Network Details' area and enter the MAC address of the Etherface-1-Tx that should be connected to this input port. Press 'Apply'. Within a few seconds, the administration tab of this channel shows the details of the connected Etherface-1. The Etherface-1 becomes selected and its LEDs start blinking.
- Repeat the last step for the Etherface-1 number two and three: select the inputs two and three of the same MDI-11 port and enter the MAC addresses of the corresponding Etherfaces-1.

Port 3 - IN Channel 16 <input-16.1> Channel 17 <input-17.1></input-17.1></input-16.1>	Advanced
Channel 18 <input-18.1></input-18.1>	Hardware Info Shrink Curve Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling Disable Arrangement Data Masking Channel Ico
Port 4 - IN Channel 19 Channel 20 Channel 21 Port 5 - IN Channel 22 Channel 23 Channel 24 Channel 24	Link up Input resolution 1920x1080, Color 8 bpp RGB 444 progressive Rotate clockwise by: 0 v degrees degrees MAC Address 00:40:dc:03:03:5e Etherfaces connected to MDI: via switch v WDI SFP+ Details
Virtual Channels Virtual 1 Virtual 2 Virtual 3 Virtual 4 Virtual 5	Etherface Etherface 110G Tx SFP+ Module to side Etherface name: Ultraschall 2 Use this name as screen name when connected:

Figure 46: MDI-11 Port Configuration to Switch Mode

Please note that the 10Gbit/s Ethernet limits the maximum resolution of the connected Etherfaces. It's the user's responsibility to obey this limitation:

- When one Etherface-1 is connected to the first input of each port (in above example input 22, not 23 and 24) then the max. resolution is 4k 60Hz.
- When 3 Etherfaces are connected, the max. resolution of each Etherface-1 is limited to 1920x1080@60Hz.



3.4.4.4 Keyboard & Mouse

Select this tab to configure the connection to the PC when a mouse and keyboard is used.

Figure 47: Keyboard & Mouse tab for single desktop

dvanced			\$
Hardware Info	Keyboard & Mouse Event Ha	andling Analog Display Arrangement Channel Icon	
PC's Keyboard/Mo	ouse USB port connected to KMS p	ort: yes 💌	
This video input is	s: a single desktop	v	
Select PCs OS:	Windows with driver installed	and method to terminate MDM to PC connection: by clicking outside window \checkmark	
	MAC OS		
	Linux		
	Windows with driver installed		

- PC's Keyboard/Mouse USB port is connected to KMS port / Etherface-1: a drop-down menu allows selecting one of the USB ports of the MDM to be connected to the PC. Select the USB (KMS) port number, which is connected to the same PC as this video connection. Select 'none' when this video input has no USB connection or select 'this Etherface-1' if the Keyboard & Mouse are connected through the Etherface-1 connection.
- This video input is part of an extended desktop: select this if the connected PC • is part of an extended desktop setting. When selected 4 new input fields open to enter more details. Please refer to further explanations below.
- Select PCs OS: select the Operating System used on the PC. Please refer to ٠ further explanations below.
- and the method to terminate MDM to PC connection: 'by clicking outside of • window' is the convenient choice but may cause some problems, or 'with 'break' character'. For details please read below.

		desktop
Advanced		
Hardware Info	Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling Analog Display Arrangement Ch	annel Icon
PC's Keyboard/M	ouse USB port connected to KMS port: yes	
This video input i	s: the connected part of an extended desktop	
Select PCs OS:	Windows with driver installed \checkmark and method to terminate MDM to PC connection:	by clicking outside window 💌
Desktop Width:	0 🗘 Desktop Height: 0	with 'break' character
Position H:	0 Position V: 0	by clicking outside window
- obicion - m		

Figure 18. Kayboard & Mausa tab for avtanded deskton

Figure 49: Mouse Modes shows the detailed flow of the possible selections.

For all OS selections:

'with 'break' character' (Relative mouse mode) needs a break character to terminate • the connection between the PC and the MDM. A break character is a special character



that has to be typed while connected to the PC to disconnect the mouse keyboard connection. It's defined in chapter: 3.2.3.3 Display: MDM with KVM Mode. Use this mode when the user program needs one of these Window properties: 'Enhance pointer precision' or 'Select a pointer speed'. This selection works under all conditions in all operating systems.

• **'by clicking outside of window'** (Absolute mouse mode) the connection between the PC and the MDM is terminated by a click outside of the connected window.

For a Windows or Linux 'single desktop'

- The settings should be:
 - This video input is: 'a single desktop'
 - Select PCs OS: 'Windows' or 'Linux'
 - Method to terminate to terminate the MDM to PC connection: 'by clicking outside window

For a Windows with extended desktop where a special driver can be installed

This should be the preferred method for an extended desktop.

Settings should be:

- This video input is: 'the connected part of an extended desktop'
- Select PCs OS: 'Windows with driver installed'
- Method to terminate the MDM to PC connection: 'by clicking outside of window'

A driver provided by Tritec has to be loaded on the host PC. Find the mouse driver under this link: <u>https://www.multi-display-manager.com/software/</u>. Follow the instructions on the found inside of the driver package.

'The connected part of an extended desktop' is the input channel that has the USB connection to the connected PC.

'Part of an extended desktop' are all other video input channels that are part of the same extended desktop but have/need no USB connection.

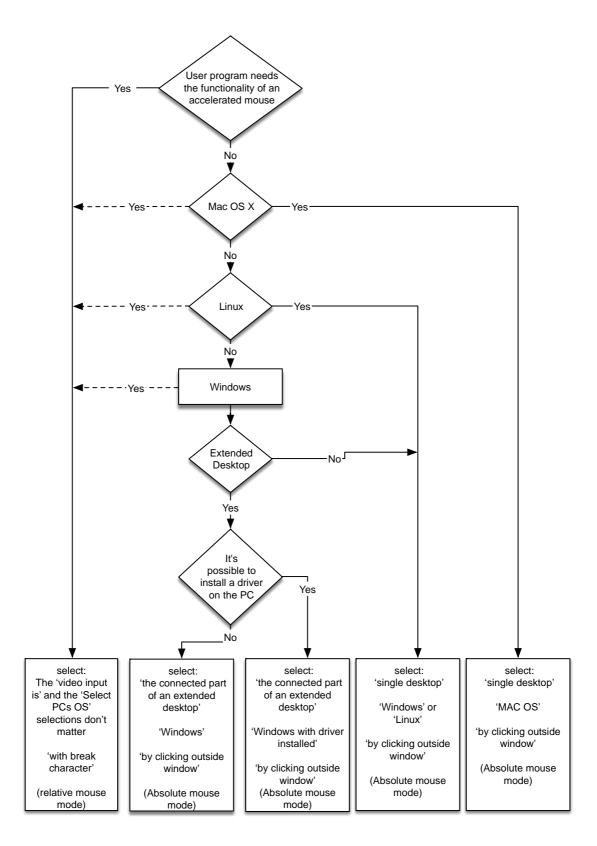
For Windows with 'Extended Desktop' where no special driver can be installed Settings should be:

- This video input is: the connected part of an extended desktop
- Select PCs OS: 'Windows'
- Method to terminate the MDM to PC connection: 'by clicking outside of window'

This setting needs no driver but during windows login screen the mouse doesn't work properly (the keyboard works fine). In the Windows mouse properties the 'enhance pointer precision' must be turn off and 'Select a pointer speed' must be set to the middle position.



Figure 49: Mouse Modes





If the PC uses 'extended desktop Mode' the following values have to be filled in carefully. The desktop arrangement is needed to adjust the cursor position of the host and the MDM. If more than one output display is connected to the host PC, these desktop values have to be entered. This is true regardless if all of the displays are connected to the MW-KVM or not.

- **Desktop Width:** Is the sum of all horizontal pixels of all windows arranged under Windows horizontally, or the widest.
- **Desktop Height:** Is the sum of all vertical pixels of all windows arranged under Windows vertically or the highest.
- **Position H:** is the horizontal position of this monitor.
- **Position V:** is the vertical position of this monitor.

To determine the size and the position of the monitor under Windows:

- Right-click on the Windows Desktop background.
- Select properties, then 'display properties' 'settings'. All connected monitors are shown.

Only the enabled ones are used for the desktop size calculation.

To determine the size and the position of the monitor under OS X select 'System Preferences' -> 'Displays'. For Linux open the System Preferences -> Monitors, there are similar set up as under Windows.

In any case the 'Desktop Size' is the maximum horizontal number of pixels and the maximum number of vertical lines of all display enabled and attached to this host PC. This is true whether or not all displays are connected to the MDM. The desktop size is equal for all displays attached to the MDM.

Example:

If two 1280×1024 monitors were arranged side-by-side, the desktop width would be 1280+1280 = 2560; the desktop height would be 1024 for both monitors.

If one monitor is 1280×1024 and the other is 1920×1080 and they are arranged side-by-side, the desktop size H would be 1280 + 1920 = 3200 and V would be the maximum of 1024 and 1080 \rightarrow 1080.

If two monitors of 1280x1024 and 1600x1200 are arranged side-by-side the desktop width and height is 1280+1600=2880 by 1200.

The position of the monitors is different for each display attached to the KVM.

The position of the display is related to the top left corner of the desktop size entered; which is at position 0/0.

The position of each display is the number of pixels horizontally and the number of lines vertically of the top left corner of the display relative to the top left corner of the desktop size.

<u>The position of the monitors in Windows Operating System can be found in the</u> <u>'Windows Display settings' (see Figure 50: Sample Windows Desktop Arrangement).</u>

In this case the left monitor gets the positions 0/0 the right, monitor 1280/0. (Windows will display -1280/0 and 0/0 as coordinates)



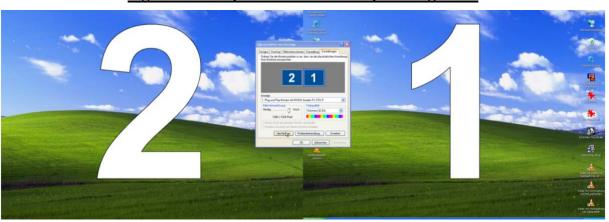


Figure 50: Sample Windows Desktop Arrangement

Figure 51: Desktop Parameters in Ubuntu Linux



3.4.4.5 Analog (visible only with input boards that support analog inputs)

This tab is used to fine-tune the analog inputs.

The MW-KVM-1 software has a table with most of the VESA analog timings.

The incoming signal is used to find an entry in the table. When the timing is not known the output monitor may not show any image.



Figure 52: Analog Inputs

Advanced		9
Hardware Info	Event Handling Analog	
H Phase:	0	
Brightness:	50 🗘 % Contrast: 50 🗘 %	
Convert:	none 🗸 input channel to greyscale	
Sync on green:		
New Analog-Timir	ng Modify Current Analog-Timing Show all Analog-Timings	

When the input signal is not detected the right way, or the user wants to check which values have been detected by the hardware use the 'Modify Current Analog-Timing'.

The upcoming window shows the current analog timing selected by the hardware. The values can be changed to modify the timing.

When 'Apply' is pressed, the timing is written to the hardware and the new timing is activated. This may take a few seconds. The new 'current' timing is shown

When a complete, new timing should be entered us the 'New Analog-Timing' button to add a new timing.

Show all Analog Timings' opens a list with all predefined and custom analog timings available.

MDI-7 with ADIO connected does not support these functions: 'New Analog Timing...', 'Modify Current Analog Timing...' and 'Show all Analog Timings...'.

Analog-Timings of Channe	al 2				×
H-Display:	1280	pixel			
H-Total:	1688	pixel			
H-Front-Porch:	48	pixel			
V-Display:	1024	lines			
V-Total:	1066	lines			
V-Back-Porch:	38	lines			
V-Sync-Polarity:	+ 💌				
Pixel-Clock:	107.9	MHz			
Name:	1280x1024@6	OHz VESA DMT			
			Apply	Close	

Figure 53: Modify Current Analog-Timing



Figure 54: New Analog-Timing

Analog-Timings of Channe	12				×
H-Display:		pixel			
H-Total:		pixel			
H-Front-Porch:		pixel			
V-Display:		lines			
V-Total:		lines			
V-Back-Porch:		lines			
V-Sync-Polarity:	+ 💌				
Pixel-Clock:		MHz			
Name:]		
			Apply	Close	

Figure 55: Show all Analog-Timings

Analog Timings											×
Name	H-Display	H-Total	H-Front-Porch	V-Display	V-Total	V-Back-Porch	V-Sync-Pol.	Pixel Clock	Custom	Channel	
1152×900×66 DG2 SUN	1152	1528	50	900	937	30	+	94.50		2,9,11,18,20,27	^
1152x900x76 DG2 SUN	1152	1504	42	900	943	32	+	108.00		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1200x1600@60Hz VESA CVT?	1200	1632	88	1600	1658	45	+	162.34		9,18,27	
1200×1600@60Hz VESA GTF	1200	1648	96	1600	1656	52	+	163.75		9,18,27	
1280×1024@60Hz VESA CVT	1280	1712	80	1024	1063	29	+	109.18		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280×1024@60Hz VESA DMT	1280	1688	32	1024	1066	38	+	107.90	*	2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280x1024@60Hz VESA GTF	1280	1712	80	1024	1060	32	+	108.87		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280x1024@75Hz VESA CVT	1280	1728	88	1024	1072	38	+	138.93		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280×1024@75Hz VESA GTF	1280	1728	88	1024	1069	41	+	138.53		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280×1024@85Hz VESA CVT	1280	1744	96	1024	1087	44	+	113.50	*	9	
1280×1024@85Hz VESA CVT	1280	1744	96	1024	1078	44	+	159.80		9,18,27	
1280×1024@85Hz VESA GTF	1280	1744	96	1024	1075	47	+	159.36		9,18,27	
1280x1024x67 DG2 SUN	1280	1632	25	1024	1067	32	+	117.00		2,9,11,18,20,27	
1280x800x76 DG2 SUN	1280	1568	26	800	846	35	+	101.25		2,9,11,18,20,27	~

When the incoming analog signal is a 'sync on green' signal instead of discrete h- and vsync signal, select the checkbox 'sync on green'.

If the input signal is grey-scale select 'Convert 'green' input channel to grey-scale'.

If a stable image is shown start to change values of the 'phase' to get the best possible image (use appropriate test patterns).

3.4.4.6 Fine tuning the analog settings.

To fine tune the analog settings some values in the "Modify Current Analog-Timing..." tab can be modified:



To move the image one pixel to the right -> increase the "H-Front-Porch:" value by one and press "Apply"

To move the image one pixel to the left -> decrease the "H-Front-Porch:" value by one and press "Apply"

To move the image one line up -> increase the "V-Back-Porch:" value by one and press "Apply"

Tomove the image one line down -> decrease the "V-Back-Porch:" value by one and press "Apply"

If vertical lines or edges are not displayed sharp the "H-Phase" value in the "Analog" tab has to be changed until the best possible sharpness is visible.

3.4.4.7 Event Handling

On certain events like 'an input goes active' or 'in active' either layouts (sets) can be switched automatically or inputs can be replaced.

Figure 56: Event Handling - Set

Advanced						
Hardware Info Event Handling Display Arrangement						
_ □ ▲ Set						
When this input goes online, select set :	Default Layout					
When this input goes offline, select set:						
- 🕞 💌 Inputs						

When enabling 'Set' the set switches to the selected set when this input goes online (valid input signal) and switches to another set when the input goes offline (no valid input signal)

Figure 57: Event Handling - Inputs

1



When enabling 'Inputs' this input will replace the selected one when going active. When going inactive the original input is displayed again.

3.4.4.8 Display Arrangement

Disable or enable this input channel and screen 1 or 2 from the 'Arrangement' tab and 'onscreen- arrangement' on these displays. So only certain inputs are visible on certain displays. If there are many inputs enabled, this may help to keep a better overview.

Figure 58: Display Arrangement inside of the input channel

Advanced	
Hardware Info Event Handling Display Arrangement	
Disable or enable the input channel from both "arrangement" and "on-screen arrangement" on these displays:	
✓ right ✓ 4mp ✓ left ✓ hd	

3.4.4.9 Data Masking

Allows to define up to four independent rectangular areas with arbitrary colour and transparency. The areas are drawn on top of all other input content. This feature can be used to mask out sensitive content, especially if shown on streamed output displays.

The colour value consists of four hexadecimal two-digit values for transparency (ff = opaque, 01 = see through), red, green and blue colour channel. The masking areas of the input can be independently enabled for each output display or stream, see Figure 59 for details.

Advanced									
Hardware Info Keyboard & Mouse Event Handling Disable Arrangement Data Masking Channel Icon									
Enable masking: Width: Height: H-Pos.: V-Pos: Color:									
	200 🗘	100 🗘	250 🗘	150 🗘	ff888888				
	200 🗘	100 🗘	250 🗘	150 🗘	ff888888				
	200 🗘	100 🗘	250 🗘	150 🗘	ff888888				
	200 🗘	100 🗘	250 🗘	150 🗘	ff888888				
Enabled on: 🗸 Displa	iy 1	Display 2							

Figure 59: Data Masking of input channel configuration



3.4.4.10 Channel Icon

For each input channel either an icon or the 'Screen Name' or both can be used to represent this input in the 'Touch User Interface' and the 'Arrangement' tab. Figure 60: Channel Icon Tab shows the details.

First there is the selection to show the 'Screen Name' only or the 'Channel Icon' only or both. 'Create a Channel Icon' when this input channel shows a typical view. This icon is stored locally and will be used from this moment in all layouts, it can be retaken any time.

'Load a channel Icon from' allows you to load a self-created icon; which is used the same way as an internally created icon. For best results the image should have the same resolution as the input channel and the format should be .jpeg.

Advanced		*
Hardware Info		
	4h	
Show:	creen Name only X V Create Channel Icon Load icon image (JPG) from	
9	Screen Name only	
I	icon only	
9	Screen Name and Icon	
	Apply Cancel Help	

Figure 60: Channel Icon Tab



3.4.5 Virtual Inputs

Virtual inputs are inputs without a physical connection. They can be arranged as all other inputs but their content comes via REST interface or over network connections.

Select 'Text' and type any text in the field right next to it.

Select 'Image' and enter an URL with an image to download.

Select 'Stream' and enter an URL with a stream address like: https://youtu.be/.....

A stream can be of the following formats: H264, rtsp, NDI, etc.

Stream sizes of up to 8MP (3840x2160) are supported.

HDCP protected streams cannot be used.

To identify NDI streams on the network, click the 'search' symbol (at the right-hand side of the URL entry line) and a list of the available streams is displayed.

For more information about available streams and further details please refer to this document:

https://www.multi-display-manager.com/download/application-note-video-over-ethernet-streaming/

To test the 'image' or streaming' just enable the channel. Predefined URLs are stored. Don't forget to setup the 'DNS' server in the network section.

It may need a few moments until the image is downloaded or the stream is buffered.

Select an 'Audio out by' to listen to the stream audio channel. USB devices are not hot pluggable. Only one audio out can be select in any of the virtual inputs.

Figure	61:	Virtual	Channel
Inguiv	U.L.	1 II tuui	Channel

Virtual Channel Details							
— Info ———							
Channel enabled:							
Transparency:	0						
Mode:	Stream VRL: h	http://10.0.5.96/media/einmusik.mp4	Q				
Audio out by:	Line-out analog (green)		-				
Course 1 Found to 1	none						
- Screen 1 [enabled] -	Line-out analog (green)						
Screen enabled:	Line-out digital		×				
Screen Name:	Sennheiser USB headset, USI	B Audio					
Name permanent							
Border enabled:							
Border Color:							
Border Width:	1 💌						



Figure 62: Virtual input channel with NDI Stream

۷	/irtual Channel Deta	ils				
	Info					
	Channel enabled:	V				
	Transparency:	0				
	Mode:	Stream VRL:	https://www.multi-display-manager.com/stream/mdm-stream-video-demo.mp4	Q.		
	– Screen 1 [enabled] -				DESK	(TOP-52U7U4U (Test Pattern)
	Screen enabled:	V	Font Size: 24		П	
	Screen Name:	virtual-input-1	Font Color:			



3.5 Arrangement

Arrangement allows the positioning of all enabled input streams on the output screen. It can be used to define new sets or to change existing sets. The cropping and scaling of the input channels can be modified as well.

Set definitions for a certain resolution can be selected on any display with the same resolution. So, each set has to be defined just once for a certain resolution. Definitions are not bound to any specific display, to resolutions only.

In the top left corner, the display can be selected, to select the right resolution for the layout definition.

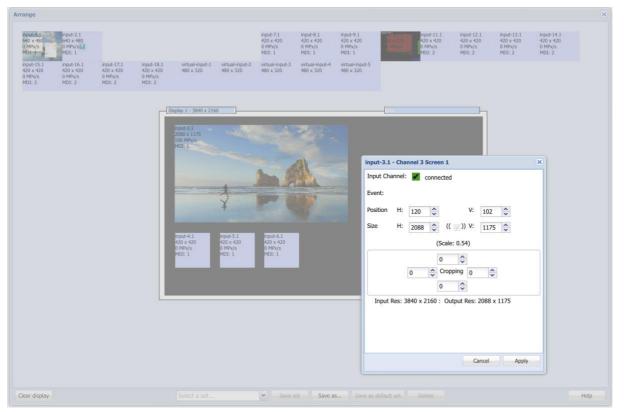


Figure 63: Arrangement

A dark rectangle in the lower part of the browser window symbolizes the output monitor screen, and some smaller rectangles above symbolize the input screens.

The input screens show their name; the size; the board number; and the bandwidth used to calculate the used bandwidth. When an icon has been stored (see chapter 3.4.1 Main Administration Tab how to create such an input icon) it's used to represent the input.

The output screen shows its name and size and the name of the selected set if a set is selected.

The resolution of the output screen and the resolution of the output monitor have a fixed relation. For example, an 8 Mega-pixel monitor one pixel on the output screen, relates to 6 pixels on the output monitor.

3.5.1 Arrangement of a New Set

The button 'Clear Display' can be used to start an arrangement from scratch. Alternatively, the 'Factory Default Layout' set can be selected from the combobox right next to it to create an arrangement containing all available inputs.

Each individual input stream can be dragged and dropped over the output monitor to the place desired. When the input screen is picked with the mouse, it is expanded to fit the



size of the output window shown in the browser. Overlapping can be enabled in the 'Configuration' tab in 'General Settings'. Chapter 3.2.1.9

When the window is dropped over the output monitor the window is shrunk to fit on the monitor or between other dropped windows. When two windows are arranged fairly close to each other they will 'snap' together (first to the top then to the left). 'Shift' plus 'double click' will increase the window to its maximum size without overlapping any other window. This is disabled when overlapping is enabled (Chapter 3.2.1.9).

When enabled in 'chapter 3.2.1.8 Enable segment resize in 'Arrangement' the inputs can be resized at the lower right corner.

When a window should no longer be visible on the output screen, drag and drop it away.

At the same time the input window is dropped on the output screen, the 'real' output monitor will show this as well.

Any input window can be double clicked on, and a sub window will open. This window allows the resizing, cropping and positioning of the input channel on the output monitor.

In the upper portion of this sub-window, the status information of that input channel as specified in 'Administration' tab, is shown. A red square means 'no signal' at the input channel; a green square means input signal is in range.

input-4.1 - Channel 4 Screen 1								×	
Input Channel: 🗹 connected									
Event:									
Position	H:	1260	^ V			V:	0	Ŷ	
Size	H:	420	\$	((الا 🗹	V:	336	Ŷ	
(Scale: 0.33)									
Disable moving:									
Disable resizing:									
Do not overlap:									
0 🗘									
	0	Cro	ppin	g	0	Ŷ			
		0		Ŷ					
Input Res: 1280 x 1024 : Output Res: 420 x 336									
Cancel Apply									

Figure 64: Arrangement Detailed Window

On the next line, the defined events are listed for information only. Warning: do not use the arrow keys up and down too fast, or the browser may hang up.

The 'Position' of the input window on the output screen can be changed in the next section.



'H:' moves the position of the output screen horizontally. Moving the arrow up moves the position to the right, and down to the left by one pixel. Using 'shift' and the arrows, moves the position by 20 pixels at a time. 'V:' moves the position vertically. The up arrow moves the position up; down arrow moves the position down. Changes below 6 (4, 3) pixels may not be seen on the browser and will only appear on the output screen. The 'origin' is in the left lower corner. At any time, an absolute number can be entered followed by a tab.

On the next line the 'Size' can be changed. The 'size' is the size of the output window including cropping and scaling. Either the 'H' or 'V: size can be changed. Use arrows, either with or without 'shift', to scale in steps of 20 or 1. A check mark in between 'H' and 'V' indicates a locked aspect ratio, see chapter 3.4.3.

The next section can vary depending on the item selected in the 'Display settings' in 'On-screen arrangement' with 'MDM with KVM' mode enabled. There the on-screen functionalities are enabled for all layouts and inputs on the selected display. To restrict these functions to the currently selected input channel and layout use the following check boxes. These are the possible messages:

- Disable moving
- Disable resizing
- Do not overlap
- Lock to position
- Lock to Layout

The next section is for 'Cropping' the window. The arrangement of the input fields is self-explanatory. In the last line the input resolution and the output resolution, including headers, is shown for reference.

As soon as an input window is put on the output screen, a check is made to see if the internal bandwidth of the system is still sufficient to show all windows without problems. If this is not possible, the last screen put on the output window is removed and an error message is shown. To solve such problems, move the input to another MDI board, make it horizontally smaller, scale it down or do not use two windows of the same input stream.

Once an arrangement has been made, use the 'Save Set' button to save the arrangement under the same name. Unicode UTF-8 characters set are allowed. Use the 'Save as' button to save this arrangement under a new name. Use 'save as default' button to save the arrangement as the default set. 'Default Sets' are marked by an asterisk '*'. When the set is stored a message in the browser appears. To select a previously defined set, use the 'select set' drop down menu in the lower right corner.

3.5.2 Modifying a Set

To modify an existing set, select the set with the 'select set' drop down menu in the lower right corner. The set is loaded in the browser on the output screen.

Modify the set and use the 'save set' button. If the set should get a new name use the 'save set as' button and enter a new name.

3.5.3 Deleting a Set

To delete a set, select the set with the 'select set' drop down menu in the lower right corner. Use the 'Delete' button to delete this set.

3.5.4 Marking a Set, a 'Default Set'

To make an existing set the default set for that display, select the display and then the set with the 'select set' drop down menu in the lower right corner.



Use the 'save as default set' button to save this set as the 'default set' under the same name. This is activated when the system is turned on. 'Default Sets' are marked by an asterisk '*' for the first display and as '*2' or '*3' for display 2 and 3 etc.



3.6 Select

Selects the set shown on the output monitor by double clicking it. There is a select window for each display; which has not been set up for 'mirroring'.

Only sets with the right resolution for this display are shown.

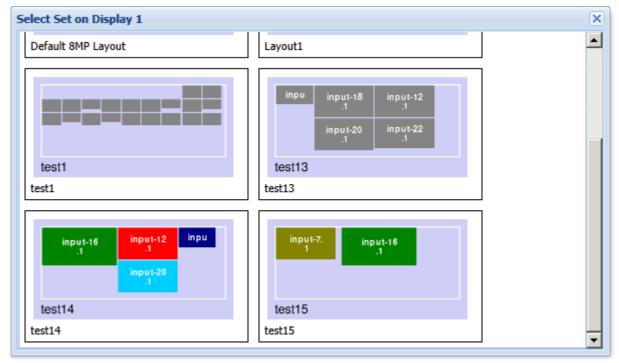


Figure 65: Select



4. Touch User Interface (TouchUI)

The touch user interface can be used by tablets, phones or other PCs with a monitor. Such a system must be connected via network (LAN or WLAN). It must run a browser like Chrome, (Safari and Webkit based browsers, IE and Firefox are not supported).

With release 2.4.12 and higher we offer two versions of the TouchUI interface.

The one already known is called 'classic version' and the newer one is called 'modern version'.

In the 'classic version' the administrator sets up all procedures and buttons and the end user cannot modify these.

In the 'modern version' the user can setup all procedures and buttons. Can create his/her own layouts by moving and resizing the inputs life on-screen with a tablet.

If the 'classic version' is chosen it's the default version no changes have to be made, just precede as in older versions.

For the 'modern version' proceed to chapter 4.2 Touch User Interface 'Modern Version

4.1 Touch User Interface- Classic Version

The browser must be pointed the http://mdm-ip-address/touchui.

4.1.1 Using the 'Classic Touch User Interface'

The MDM Touch User Interface supports multiple tables or PC when defined in the administration interface. When the tablet or PC is first time connected to the URL: http://mdm-ip-address/touchui the user has to select which of the defined presets this tablet should be used with. This has to be done just once or when the tablet is changed.

After this selection the 'procedure selection window' opens. Select a procedure / case/ user and this procedure window is shown full screen. If a default procedure is defined this will open automatically when connected after the first connection.

When a procedure is selected the layout of the top left button is shown always.



Figure 66: Procedure selection window

[iPad] - Select a procedure	Cancel	
Dr. No [default]	Left Leg	P2
User 2		



Figure 67: Procedure window

Dr. No Display 1		*
Factory Default Layout	и	
13		ы



Procedure window.

Depending on the setting several layouts are shown.

A single touch of one of the layouts will switch the MDM display to this layout. The selected layout has a green border.

In the top left corner, the name of the procedure is shown and when touched it returns to the 'procedure selection window'.

The top right corner shows the tool kit symbol for more functions.

- Take a screenshot of current display. These actions will store the screenshot on an FTP server or an USB stick. For more details, see the Administration interface, 'Display Settings'
- System messages show all error messages of the system.



Figure 68: Toolkit Window

Select an action	Cancel	
	Take a snapshot of the	e current display
	•	
	System mess	ages (1)
RIEC.		

A single click to a button selects this layout on screen.

A double click to a button opens this layout full screen with all input channels. (see Figure 69: Full Screen view of a layout)



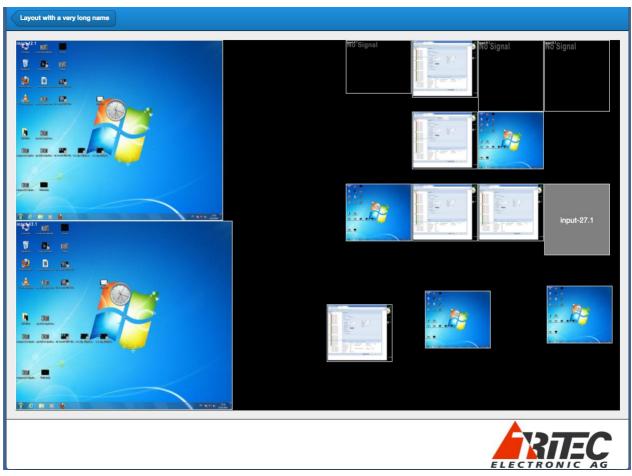


Figure 69: Full Screen view of a layout

When enabled by the administrator, click one input channel and then another to swap these channels on the MDM display. The new selection is permanent over all shut downs and reboots.

When enabled by the administrator, a double click to an input channel opens a new window displaying all input channels not used in this layout (and enabled by the administrator for selection). A touch to one of these input channels will use this input in the layout permanently and return to the layout window.

In the top left corner, the name of the layout is shown and when touched it returns to the procedure window.



4.1.2 Setting up the 'Classic Version' of the Touch User Interface

In the administration interface of the MDM open the 'TouchUI' tab.

First select the TouchUI 'settings' tab.

Arrange how many buttons you want to see in one window then how many buttons per row. Before wasting too much time proceed to the next step to be able to view one procedure on the tablet or monitor. You may need to change these settings depending on the resolution of the tablet/monitor size to get a nice arrangement. The lower part of the output window shows a Tritec logo.

TouchUI Settings	×
Number of buttons per procedure:	12
Number of buttons per row:	3
Enable layout detail view:	
Enable swap of segments:	
Enable swap of channels:	
Buttons background color (rgb, in hex notation):	ff0000
Display logo in footer:	
Logo orientation:	Ieft aligned Ieft aligned
Logo footer background color (rgb, in hex notation):	ffff00
Upload a custom logo: Load image from	Remove a custom TouchUI logo
	Save Cancel Help

Figure 70: TouchUI Setting 'Classic Mode'

The checkbox 'Enable layout details view' disables 'Enable swap of segments' and 'Enable swap of channels'. Either a single or double click to the button will change the layout on the output display. This is a work around of a problem with the browsers under Window OS.

The checkboxes 'Enable swap of segments' allows the end users to swap segments or not.

The checkboxes 'Enable swap of channels' allows the end users to swap input channels or not.

'Buttons background color' changes the color behind the buttons, use any hex number between 000000 (black) and ffffff (white).

'Display logo in footer' disables the logo in the footer. If it's enabled the next two lines enable you to load a custom logo (transparent, 24bit, rgb .png) and set the background color.



The next step is to define the attached devices in the TouchUI 'Administration' tab. Add devices like 'iPad in OR' and select which display this device should be able to control (see next chapter for details). The first time a device is connected via its browser interface you are asked to select which of the defined device you want to use it for. To change the name a device just select it on the left hand side, enter a new name and press 'Save'. Needs to be reworked!

|--|



In the last step procedures and buttons are linked together with layouts. Select the TouchUI 'Button Assignment'.

In the top line select the display button assignment that it should work with (see next chapter for details). If more than one display needs to be controlled by one procedure step through the button assignment of each display before saving this procedure.

Touc	chPC							×
0	Display:	Display 1	*					
		L					Layout Name	
ll r	L7		L6		1		Factory Default Layou	ıt
	2,		20				L1	
							L2	
							L3	
							L4	
ll i	L2		L3		1		L5	
							L6	
							L7	
							L8	
							Layout with a very lor	ng name
	L4		Layout with a very long name					
		Procedures:	Select a procedure	*	Save procedure	Save as default procedure	Remove procedure	Cancel

Figure 72: Button Assignment

On the left-hand side, the tab shows buttons arrangement as defined in step one. On the righthand side, the tab shows all defined layouts for this size of the selected display. i.e. if the selected display has a size of an 8 Mega Pixel display all layouts for 8 Mega Pixel displays are shown.

Drag and drop one of the layouts from the right side over one of the buttons and the button will show a preview of the layout. Assign all buttons with layout. Select the next display and assign the buttons. The top left button is the 'default' button. When switching to a procedure this layout is selected. After rebooting MDM this layout of the 'default procedure' is selected. When all buttons are assigned, select 'Save procedure' and give it a name. Or save it as 'default procedure'. A default procedure is selected after rebooting the MDM.



To remove a procedure, first select the procedure and then use 'Remove procedure' to delete it.

Do not forget to set up the destination for the screenshots in the MDM 'Display settings' tab. The icons used to represent an input channel can be modified in the 'Administration' tab 'Advance' 'Channel Icon'. See Chapter: 3.4.4.9 Data Masking

4.1.3 How to control several Displays.

There are three ways to control several attached displays with one or more devices.

Any device controls several displays with one button / procedure: First save several displays in the button assignments with one procedure. When such a procedure is selected from a device all displays are updated, independent of any restrictions defined for the device in the 'Administration' tab.

One device controls one display with one button/ procedure only. First save only one display in the button assignments with the procedures. Then restrict the device in the 'Administration' tab to control this display.

One device controls several displays with one button/ procedure only.

First save only one display in the button assignments with the procedures. Repeat this with all displays you want to control. Then restrict the device in the 'Administration' tab to the display you want to control with this device. A 'Display x' button is shown in the top line of the user window. Use this button to select the display you want to control.



4.2 Touch User Interface 'Modern Version'

With the 'modern version' of the TouchUI the end user can add, remove and rename his/her own procedures.

The user can define buttons with any number, position and size of inputs.

Layouts can be modified on the fly in real-time.

Snapshots can be taken and down loaded to the TouchUi device and from there they can be further handle with the tools the device offers.

The interface was tested with Chrome on iOS on iPad and certain Windows 10 devices. There are devices under Windows 10 that don't behave as expected.

4.2.1 Using the 'Modern Touch User Interface'

The browser must be pointed the <u>http://mdm-ip-address/touchui</u>.

A window opens with the defined procedures.

To add a procedure, press the red '+' button in the lower right corner and enter a name for the procedure. A new window open with the predefined number of buttons without any layouts assigned in the buttons.

Double click any button to add or modify a button assignment. When the button is used the first time a name has to be entered.

To arrange a button, drag and drop any input from the lower part to the on-screen area. After dropping it's visible on the output display. Move with single finger gesture, resize with two fingers. To save the button arrangement just press the procedure name or the display name in the top blue line.

To rename or delete a procedure or button make a long press on the procedure or button and a window opens. Follow the instructions.

To make a snapshot press the tool symbol and select snapshot, follow the further instructions of your device.

Figure 73: TouchUI Procedure View

10:47	Fri 12. Apr						≁	🗢 🕬 5	5 % 🔲
	MDM Tou	chUI	×	🗅 New Tab	× +				2
<	>	G			▲ 10.0.4.52	Ŷ	\star	Û	•••
Proc	edures							X	X
D	r. No				Dr. Who				





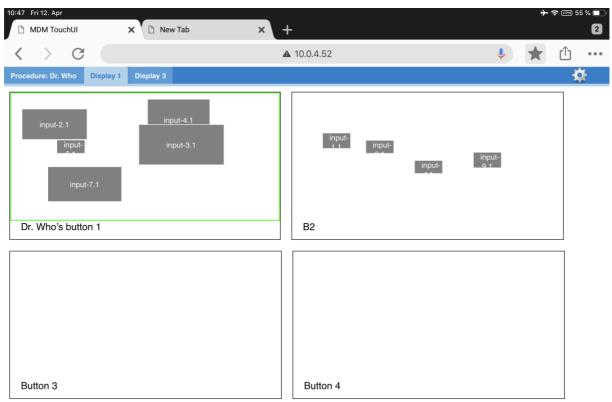


Figure 74: Procedure Dr. Who selected

As can be seen in the top blue bar, the Procedure: Dr. Who is selected and he/she can control two displays. (They maybe have been renamed in the 'Display arrangement' tab.) If the administrator stored icons for the inputs, they can be seen here instead of just the input number.

Figure 75: Selected Button

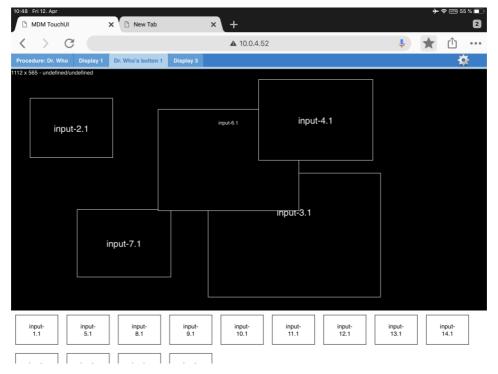




Figure 75: Selected Button: shows that procedure: 'Dr. Who' on 'Display 1' selected 'Dr. Who's button 1' for rearrangement.

Figure 76: Tool Box of TouchUI Modern Version shows how to make a snapshot or how to 'Powerdown MDM'. Wake up of MDM works only with a special program that can be loaded on Windows based devices. Please contact reseller for more information.

11:09 Fri 12. Apr			≁	🗢 🕬 5	2 % 💷
D MDM TouchUI	× D MDM TouchUI × +				2
< > C (▲ 10.0.4.52	Ļ	\star	Û	
Procedures				4	X
Dr. No	Dr. Who				
	System				
	Take a screenshot of the current display				
	System messages (2)				
	Powerdown MDM				
	Close				
				e	

Figure 76: Tool Box of TouchUI Modern Version



4.2.2 Setting up the 'Modern Version' of the Touch User Interface

In the administration interface of the MDM open the 'Configuration' 'General Setting' tab under 'TouchUI' select 'modern version'.

Figure 77: Selection between 'Classic' and 'Modern Version' of the TouchUI

- TouchUI		
Use:	modern version 👻	l
Browser	classic version	
Enable segn	modern version nent resize in "Arrangement":	
Enable over	lapping in "Arrangement":	l
Enable user	-login for browser-interface:	
		I

In the 'Configuration' 'Display Setting' tab inside each 'Display' tab under 'TouchUI' you can select whether this display should be controlled by the TouchUI or not. 'MDM' or 'MDM-with-KVM' displays can be used.

Figure 78: Select if display should be controlled by TouchUi

	TouchUI Enable TouchUI:	
	On screen arrangement Enable onscreen User-Interface:	Advanced
L	Onscreen User-Interface font size:	small 💌
	Enable onccreen moving of windows for this display:	

When the TouchUI is used you should select: 'After reboot or standby reload' either the 'last layout' or the 'last modified layout' to return to the last button selection.

Figure 79: Select which button is displayed after reboot

Power Saving Send this display to sleep after no m	ouse and keyboard activity for:	0 🔷 minutes (0=never)
After reboot or standby reload the:	default layout 🗸	
Calitter	default layout	
Enable Converter:	last modified layout last layout	~
Enable Splitter:	none	*

In the 'TouchUI' 'Settings' Tab arrange the total number of buttons you want to see in one window on your touch device and then how many buttons per row. You may need to change these settings depending on the resolution of the tablet/monitor size to get a nice arrangement.



Figure 80: TouchUI Setting 'Modern Mode'

TouchUI Settings		×
Number of buttons per procedure:	4	A V
Number of buttons per row:	2	^
Enable layout detail view:		
Enable resize of segments:		
Enable overlapping of segments:		
	Save Cance	el Help

'Enable layout detailed view:' should always be enabled.

'Enable resize of segments:' enables the resizing of the inputs on screen.

'Enable overlapping of segments:' allows you to move inputs on top of each other. Remember this may lead to high bandwidth consumption.

Figure 81: TouchUI Administration

TouchUI Administration			
Name	Details		
TouchUI-29c0ceef6382	Name: This TouchUI contro Display 1 Display 3	TouchUI-29c0ceef6382 Is these displays: Display 2	

In the 'TouchUI' 'Administration tab you can select which of the connected devices can control which of the displays. Due to software restrictions all connected devices are treated the same way.

In the example Figure 81: TouchUI Administration 'Display 1' and 'Display 3' can be managed by the attached device, 'Display 2' was disabled in the 'Display Settings' from the management of the TouchUI.



5. Audio

The 'Audio' opens a window to control audio in and out. **Audio In** mutes the input audio device as defined in i.e. 'Display 3'. **Audio Out** controls the audio out volume.

Figure 82: Audio Controls

Audio Settings	×
Audio In Display 3	
Audio Out —	
Volume	
	Save



6. On-screen user interface

When enabled in the 'Display setting' 'MDM with KVM' mode the user can open an onscreen menu with a right click of the attached mouse. These onscreen menus allow the users to use a subset of the actions available in the browser interface.

To allow several users to share one or more displays it's possible to switch between users. Each user can save his/her own layouts. Users are selectable across all displays. Their saved layouts are visible depending on the display resolution. i.e. a layout saved on a 4Mega pixel display is not selectable on an 8Mega pixel display but on any other 4Mega pixel display.

- Layouts saved by the administrator in the browser interface are visible to all users display resolution dependent. These layouts can be deleted by the administrator only.
- Layouts saved by one user
 - Are visible for this user only
 - On displays of the same resolution
 - Can be deleted by this user only.
- Set up the 'Last modified layout' selection in the 'power saving part' of the 'display settings' tab to return all displays and users to the last used screen after reboot or power save.
- The number of users supported can be selected in the 'General Settings' tab. A maximum of 8 users can be defined.

The following actions can be triggered on-screen:

• Layout Overview

Opens a window displaying 12 layouts for quick selection.

(When the cursor is over a window)

• Fullscreen

Opens the under-laying window as large as possible for this display. A second click reduces the window to the previous size.

- Window
 - **original size:** Reverts the under lying window to its original input size
 - **exchange with input channel:** Exchanges the under-laying window with the input selected here.
 - screenshot of this window: The screenshot is stored on a USB stick plugged into the same USB hub as this keyboard and mouse. The name of the stored screenshots is combined from the display name, the window name and date and time.
 - **add input channel**: Shows a live image of all inputs enabled for this display that can be selected (for more details how to disable input channels on a display refer to chapter 3.4.4.8).
 - **remove this window:** Removes the under lying window from the display



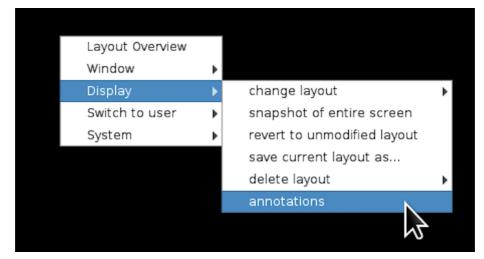
Layout Overview Fullscreen				
Window		original size		
Display	•	exchange with input channel 🔹 🕨		
Switch to user		snapshot of this window		
System		add input channel 🔹 🕨	No Signal	
	Ľ	remove this window		
				input-1.1
			-	
				input-2.1
			Windows.	input-2.1
			N6'Signal	
			No Signai	
				input-8.1
			No Signal	
				input-9.1

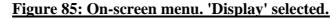
Figure 83: On-screen menu. 'Window' selected

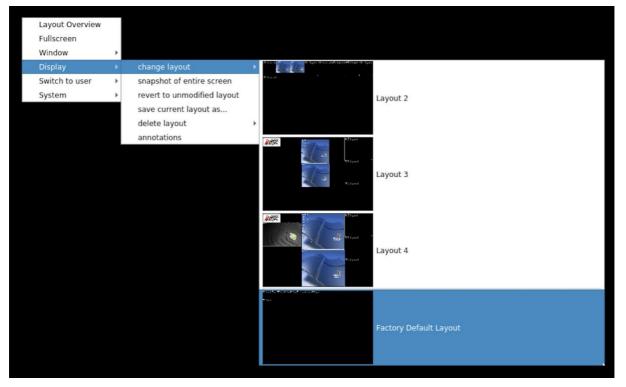
- Display
 - **change layout**: opens a list of available layouts of the display's resolution to select. The upper part of the list of layouts are those saved by the current user; the lower part of the list of layouts are the layouts defined by the administrator
 - **screenshot of entire screen:** the screenshot is stored on a USB stick plugged into the same USB hub as this keyboard and mouse.
 - **revert to unmodified layout**: reverts all resizes and moves of the windows.
 - **save layout as**: the current arrangement is saved as layout, and a window opens to enter a name for this layout. Layouts with the same name are overwritten. Saved layouts are user and resolution dependent.
 - **delete layout**: opens a list of layouts of the current user and resolution. Select one to delete the layout. Layouts defined by the administrator cannot be deleted by a user.
 - **annotations**: annotations can be drawn over a layout. For details please refer to chapter: 6.1 Annotations.



Figure 84: On-Screen menu. 'Annotations'







• Switch to user

• a list of all users is displayed. Click one of them to select it. The last used and possibly modified layout of this user of this resolution is loaded.





Figure 86: On-screen menu. 'Switch to user' selected.

- System
 - **rename user**: a list of all available users is displayed, select the one to rename.
 - **open administration**: opens the browser page that is used to set up the MDM. This is the same browser interface as it is used from the external internet connection. If the end-user should not be able to make changes here, you can set a password to protect the browser interface.
 - go to standby: sends the system to standby mode

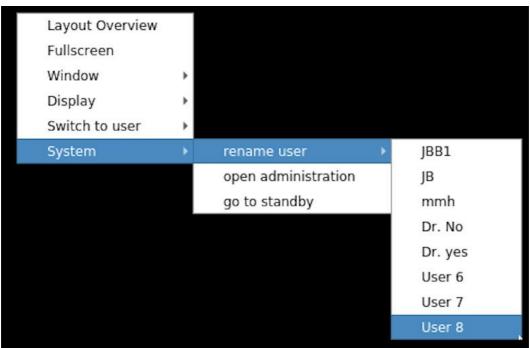


Figure 87: On-screen menu. 'System' selected



6.1 Annotations

Annotations can be used for educational and information purposes. In a class room setting, Annotations can be created "real-time" on an active layout. To create an Annotation, from User Interface with Keyboard and Mouse, open the "Display" on screen menu. Select "Annotation" to open the On-screen Annotation Menu (Figure 88: On-screen menu. 'Annotation'). It is now possible, by using a mouse, to select an annotation tool, thickness and associated color.

Annotations appear as an overlying graphic that can be stored with the associated layout for recall upon selecting the annotated layout at a later time. Annotations are visible on mirrored displays as well on "Screen Shots". To save an annotated layout, select the "Save Layout As" function and don't modify the name. The saved annotated layout will be available after a subsequent power cycle. Note, a power cycle prior to "Save Layout As" function is executed, will result in the annotation being cleared (not saved).

Note: Layouts saved on-screen are "user" layouts and not available from the browser interface (Administrative PC).

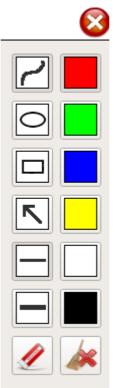
The On-screen Annotation Menu (Figure 88: On-screen menu. 'Annotation') supports the following functions:



	Six colors option Default: Red
	Free-form line Default
	Rectangular and Circular Shape Creation
	Arrow
	Two Line thickness options Default: thinner
	Erase
	Clear
$\overline{8}$	Return to the on-screen user interface.

Table 2: Annotation Functions

Figure 88: On-screen menu. 'Annotation'





7. Touch-Monitor Interface

With the touch-monitor interface it is possible to control the on-screen user interface of the MDM-KVM with a touch monitor.

Not supported in this version is the connection to a remote PC with the touch interface, the mouse interface only is supported.

The following devices have been tested with this interface: NEC MultiSync P403 SST Input device name: "Baanto SDW-424W1-M6L-XXX-XX-PRD" Input device vendor 0x2453 product 0x100 version 0x110

LindenGroup Display RAP 2122 AM Input device name: "eGalax Inc. eGalaxTouch EXC2203-41v01" Input device vendor 0xeef product 0x2203 version 0x210

Devices with similar touch controller interface should work as well.

The touch interface USB connector must be connected in parallel or instead of the mouse USB connection. Mouse and touch interface work in parallel.

The following gestures are supported:

Touch a window and move: moves the window or swaps the window, depends on the setting in the KVM settings tab.

Double touch on a window: open this window in full screen mode centered, the next double touch to the same window will reposition and resize this window to its original position and size. A double touch to another window will reposition and resize the enlarged window to its original position and size and open the new window full size.

Two finger gesture: used to zoom out or in.

Hold one finger and double click with another finger: connect / disconnect from a remote PC. All further touches will be sent to the connected PC. Works fine with Windows 10, fairly good with Windows 7. Does not function with MAC OS X and Windows XP. Works with Linux but it's desktop dependent.

Hold touch for a few moments: opens the on-screen menu, for details see chapter: 6 On-screen user interface.

The touch monitor interface must be enabled in the administration interface. Under the 'Configuration' tab select 'Display Settings'. Select the display the touch interface should be connected to and select 'MDM-with-KVM'. Select the USB port the touch interface is connected to and 'enable touch monitor'.

When the touch monitor is connected the very first time a calibration cycle should be run for proper positioning of the touch location. Open the on-screen menu and go to 'System', 'Calibrate touch'. Touch the circles shown on screen. After the 3rd touch the touch monitor is



calibrated and can be used at any MDM output. The calibration values are stored in the configuration file. The calibration cycle can be repeated any time.

If the monitor in the OR room has no touch interface a smaller monitor with a touch surface can be installed in the control room. This monitor can be defined as mirror of the OR room monitor and when its touch interface is connected to the mouse and keyboard input of the OR room monitor, the OR room monitor can be controlled from the control room.



8. Remote Control

The MDM/KVM has two remote control interfaces. For machine and user interaction a 'rest' interface is included.

Detailed descriptions of these interfaces are available in a separate document under CDA.

9. Internet Security

The following internet port are used by MDM-1. All other ports are not active.

FOIL	SELVICE
22:	SSH
80:	MDM-Service Browser interface
443	if https browser interface is used
5353	mDNS Resolver
9222:	Touch-PC Update Server
12340:	MDM-Tester
12341:	MDM-Validator (not used)
12351 and higher:	MDM-UID 1



10. Error Messages and Warnings

The system shows several error messages and warnings in the browser. They appear as drop down windows for several seconds and as 'System messages' in the top right corner of the browser.

	28 message
Errors & Warnings	l
Date 👻	
2014-08-22 09:22:50	Display at address 2A not found
2014-08-22 09:22:28	Mouse 1 connected
2014-08-22 09:22:27	Keyboard 1 connected
2014-08-22 09:22:17	Keyboard 1 disconnected
2014-08-22 09:22:17	Mouse 1 disconnected
2014-08-22 09:21:35	Keyboard 2 connected
2014-08-22 09:21:35	Mouse 2 connected
2014-08-22 09:21:29	Keyboard 1 connected
2014-08-22 09:21:29	Mouse 1 connected
	Clear

Figure 89: System Messages

They are not displayed on the local browser, only with a remote browser.

Here is a list of these messages with possible suggestions how to react:

10.1 Error Messages during Booting

The following error messages are shown during booting. They are visible on the main output monitor if possible. A log entry is made for these. The first part of the message gives the details of the error the second part hints to possible solutions to solve the problem.

- 1. No MDI boards found.
- 2. MDI x has wrong ID
 - a. The ID of one or more MDI boards does not fit to this MDM system.
- 3. MDI x swapped with MDI y
 - a. The MDI boards are swapped.
- 4. Found more MDI boards than configured
- 5. MDI x of y is missing
 - a. This (These) board is missing due to a hardware failure.
- 6. No graphics board found
 - a. Log –File entry only
- 7. No USB-Input (KMS) board found
 - a. This message is shown in KVM- systems only

If one of the above error messages appears the system needs to be serviced.

In one of the following situations the system executes a 'Reset to Default' command.



- 1. No configuration file found
- 2. Decrypt Error
- 3. No valid xml data
- 4. Invalid configuration data
- 5. Incompatible configuration version

The on screen message looks like this: 'No configuration found. Resetting to default configuration. Please wait....'

10.2 General Messages and Warnings

Error or Warning as shown in browser	Reason and possible solution
Channel xy is now DISABLED, as it is shared with the enabled channel yx!	For information only. If the second channel of a shared channel is enabled this message informs that the other channel is disabled and cannot be used i.e. for event handling.

10.2.1 Messages seen during resizing of input channels.

Overrun #1	Reduce input size of that channel or Crop left or right side of that channel.
Overrun #2	The bandwidth limit exceeded, one or more of the windows had to be removed. This may happen during arrangement or while a layout is displayed and one of the inputs reconnects with a different resolution or refresh rate. Check all inputs, especially the refresh rate. The windows removed are not necessarily the ones, which caused the problem.

10.2.2 Notifications

Notification, Input channel #x is now connected.	Input channel #x is now connected (online), which means a signal is received. This may trigger events if events have been activated.
Notification, Input channel #x is now disconnected.	Input channel #x is now disconnected (offline), which means no signal is received. This may trigger events if events have been activated.
Notification, Layout 'Name of the layout' activated	The layout with the name 'Name of the layout' is now activated. The activation was triggered either by the user in the browser interface or by the remote control or by events.

10.2.3 Notifications when KMS is connected

Notification, MW-KVM mouse	The mouse connected to MW-KVM is connected
connected / disconnected	or disconnected
Notification, MW-KVM keyboard	The keyboard connected to MW-KVM is
connected / disconnected	connected or disconnected



Notification, USB port # connected /	The KMS USB port # is connected or
disconnected	disconnected

10.2.4 Alarm messages displayed in the browser

Alarm, Fan #x is now at value 12345	Alarm message for fans if they rotate to slow and maintenance is necessary.
Alarm, Temperature is now at value 123	Alarm message for temperature. The temperature is too high. Either ambient temperature should be reduced or maintenance is necessary.
Error, Configfile NOT stored on server!	For details see log file (MW-KVMsvc).
Error, Restore of configfile was NOT successful!	For details see log file (mdmsvc).
Unable to save configuration file on local disk!	For details see log file (mdmsvc).

10.2.5 Messages visible in the 'Status' tab of the browser

MDM booted from factory default software	There was an error during the update process and the system booted from an older version of the software. Try to update again.
Default config file used	The MDM software found a problem with the configuration file and uses a default configuration file. For more details see next chapter.

10.2.6 Messages written to the output monitor.

When a custom default config error is shown, use the custom default IP address to restore a valid Configuration from the FTP server.

uddress to restore a vana configuration from the FTF server.					
Custom default config - no	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom				
configuration found	default configuration, because there is no				
configuration found	configuration file. Use 'Restore				
	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom				
Custom default config - incompatible	default configuration, because the configuration				
configuration data	file is not for this type of system. (i.e. MDM-1S				
	not MDM-1)				
Custom default config in compatible	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom				
Custom default config - incompatible	default configuration, because the configuration				
version	file is of the wrong version.				
	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom				
Custom default config - encrypted	default configuration, because the configuration				
config file	file is either defect or the decryption is not				
_	possible.				



Custom default config - no valid xml config file	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom default configuration, because the configuration file is defect.				
	own, use the factory default IP address, set up a FTP				
server and restore a valid configuration fr					
Factory default config - no configuration found	The MDM-1 system switched back to the factory default configuration, because there is no configuration file.				
Factory default config - incompatible configuration data	The MDM-1 system switched back to the custom default configuration, because the configuration file is not for this type of system. (i.e. MDM-1S not MDM-1)				
Factory default config - incompatible version	The MDM-1 system switched back to the factory or custom default configuration, because the configuration file is of the wrong version.				
Factory default config - encrypted config file	The MDM-1 system switched back to the factory or custom default configuration, because the configuration file is either defect or the decryption is not possible.				
Factory default config - no valid xml config file	The MDM-1 system switched back to the factory or custom default configuration, because the configuration file is defect.				

10.2.7 Update Error Messages

The following messages may appear during the update process, they are stored in the 'update.log' file.

1 Update successful Power cycle needed 2 Update successful Reboot needed 3 MD5sum check failed for files in archive, the update file is corrupted. 4 MDM: MDI Version check of HW layout or FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort his MDM-Hardware 5 MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	in the update.log the.	
3 MD5sum check failed for files in archive, the update file is corrupted. 4 MDM: MDI Version check of HW layout or FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort his MDM-Hardware 5 MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	1	Update successful Power cycle needed
3 update file is corrupted. 4 MDM: MDI Version check of HW layout or 4 FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort his MDM-Hardware MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a 5 hardware problem with the MDM, try once again 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	2	Update successful Reboot needed
update file is corrupted.4MDM: MDI Version check of HW layout or FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort his MDM-Hardware5MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update.6SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed.7SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	3	MD5sum check failed for files in archive, the
4 FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort his MDM-Hardware 5 MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	5	update file is corrupted.
his MDM-Hardware 5 MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.		MDM: MDI Version check of HW layout or
5MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update.6SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed.7SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	4	FPGA failed, the update package is not valid fort
5 hardware problem with the MDM, try once again to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.		his MDM-Hardware
to update. 6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.		MDM: MDI FPGA update failed, there is a
6 SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	5	hardware problem with the MDM, try once again
o failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.		to update.
7 failed. 7 SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit update failed.	6	SMfit: untar of smfitupd.tar failed, SMfit update
update failed.	0	failed.
update failed.	7	SMfit: script 'updatesmfit.sh' does not exist, SMfit
	7	update failed.
8 SMfit: updatesmfit.sh returns failure for 2nd time	8	SMfit: updatesmfit.sh returns failure for 2nd time
9 MDM: MD5 checksum of copied files failed, try	0	MDM: MD5 checksum of copied files failed, try
once again, if this fails MDM hardware is defect.	^y	once again, if this fails MDM hardware is defect.
10 MDM: KMS Update failed	10	MDM: KMS Update failed



11. Default Software and Configurations

11.1 Default Configurations

The MW-KVM-1 boots up with the specified Tritec default configuration.



12. Attachments

12.1 Build in Analog-Timings.

The following table shows the build in analog timings. The table is for reference only. The actual timings are shown as described in chapter 3.4.4.5 Analog. If one of these analog timings is detected by the hardware all parameters are set up automatically. Only the phase needs to be corrected.

Resolution	Timing Name	
640x480@60Hz	VESA	GTF
696x480@60Hz	SC 6000	GII
640x480@75Hz	VESA	DMT
640x480@75Hz	VESA	GTF
640x480@75Hz	VESA	CVT
-	VESA	GTF
640x480@85Hz		CVT
640x480@85Hz	VESA SC 6802XL	CVI
640x480@60Hz		DMT
640x480@60Hz	VESA	DMT
800x600@60Hz	VESA	GTF
800x600@60Hz	VESA	CVT
800x600@75Hz	VESA	DMT
800x600@75Hz	VESA	GTF
800x600@60Hz	VESA	DMT
800x600@75Hz	VESA	CVT
800x600@85Hz	VESA	GTF
800x600@85Hz	VESA	CVT
1024x768@60Hz	VESA VESA	GTF
1024x768@60Hz	-	CVT
1024x768@75Hz	VESA	DMT
1024x768@75Hz	VESA VESA	GTF CVT
1024x768@75Hz 1024x768@60Hz	VESA	DMT
1024x768@85Hz	VESA	GTF
1024x768@85Hz	VESA	CVT
1024x800x84Hz	DG2	SUN
1280x800x76Hz	DG2 DG2	SUN
1152x900x66Hz	DG2 DG2	SUN
1152x900x00Hz	DG2 DG2	SUN
1440x900x76Hz	DG2 DG2	SUN
1600x1000x66Hz	DG2 DG2	SUN
1280x1024@60Hz	VESA	GTF
1280x1024@60Hz	VESA	CVT
1280x1024@60Hz	VESA	DMT
1280x1024@00Hz	VESA	DMT
1280x1024x67Hz	DG2	SUN
1280x1024@75Hz	VESA	GTF
1280x1024@75Hz	VESA	CVT
1280x1024@85Hz	VESA	GTF
1280x1024@05Hz	VESA	CVT
1600x1200@60Hz	VESA	GTF
1600x1200@60Hz	VESA	CVT
1600x1200@60Hz	VESA	DMT
1000,1200@00112	0/ (2.11



1200x1600@60Hz	VESA	GTF
1200x1600@60Hz	VESA	CVT
1280x1024@72Hz	A02	
1280x1024@72Hz	A02 neu	
1920x1080@60Hz		
1920x1200@60Hz		



12.2 Available EDID data sets

EDID data sets are store in EEPROM for each input channel. Each time they are changed they are written to the EEPROM. This way any PC connected can read out the EDID data even when the MDM is powered down, as it is specified for the DDC channel.



Table 4:	Details	of EDID	data sets

Note: Digital VGA Digital SVGA Digital XGA Digi		Digital SXGA	Digital portrait 1,6k	Digital UXGA	Analog 2 SXGA		
					default		
Source number:				EDID 4	EDID 5	EDID 6	
"Max. Resolution" name:	"D-640x480"	"D-800x600"	"D-1024x768"	"D- 1280x1024"	"D- 1200x1600"	"D- 1600x1200"	"A- 1280x1024"
Vendor ID / Product							100101110
ID	MDM1111	MDM1111	MDM1111	MDM1111	MDM1111	MDM1111	MDM1112
Analog / Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital	Analaa
Preferred timing mode	<u> </u>			Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ Ŭ	Analog
Established Timings:	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X
720x400x70							v
720x400x70	•	•	•		•	•	Х
640x480x60	v	v	v	v	· ·	· ·	v
640x480x67	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х
640x480x72	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
640x480x72	•	•	•	•	•	•	· ·
800x600x56	•	•	•	•	•	•	Х
800x600x56		•	•		· ·	· ·	v
800x600x60 800x600x72	•	X	X	X	Х	Х	X
800x600x72 800x600x75	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
800x600x75 832x624x75	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •
1024x768x87	•	•	•	•	•	•	Х
1024x768x60	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1024x768x70	•	•	X	X	Х	X	X
1024x768x70	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1024x768x75	•	•	•	•	•	•	X
1152x870x75	•	•	•	•	•	•	X
Standard Timings:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Standard Thinings.						1600x1200x	1280x1024x
Timing ID #1	640x480x60	800x600x60	1024x768x60	1280x1024x60		60	75
Thing is at	010111001100	000110001100	102 117 001100	120011021100		1280x1024x	1024x768x8
Timing ID #2						60	5
						1280x720x6	
Timing ID #3						0	800x600x85
						1400x1050x	540 400 0 5
Timing ID #4	•	•	•	•	•	60 1440x900x6	640x480x85
Timing ID #5						1440x900x6 0	
Tinning ID #5	•	•		· ·		1152x864x6	•
Timing ID #6						0	
Timing ID #7							
Timing ID #8							
Detailed Timings							
Block 1	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:
				Ŭ	1200x1600x	1600x1200x	1280x1024x
	640x480x60	800x600x60	1024x768x60	1280x1024x60	60	60	60
	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:
	25.20MHz	39.79MHz	65MHz	108MHz	162MHz	162MHz	108MHz
	SepSync V:-	SepSync	SepSync V:-	SepSync	SepSync	SepSync	SepSync
D11.0	,H:- Monitory	V:+,H:+ Monitory	,H:-	V:+,H:+ Monitor	V:+,H:-	V:+,H:+ Monitor	V:+,H:+ Monitor
Block 2	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor: Range	Monitor: Range
	Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:	Limits:	Limits:
	i turile.	i tuille.	i tuille.	r tunie.	r turne.	V:25-76Hz,	Emito.
					MDM	H:25-	V:50-85Hz,
	MDM Digital	MDM Digital	MDM Digital	MDM Digital	Digital	100kHz	H:25-82kHz
						Max Pxl	Max Pxl
						Clk:170MHz	Clk:140MHz
Block 3	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:
	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused	Name:	Name:
						MDM Disital	MDM
						Digital	Analog 2
Block 4	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:
	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused



Analog 9 WUXGA default for ch 9,18,27	Digital 1080p (only)	Digital "3MP"	Digital "5MP"	Digital 2Kx2K,30H z (only)	Digital WUXGA	Digital WQXGA	Digital WQXGA MDI6 - Ch1 only	Digital WQXGA MDI6 - Ch1 only	Analog FullHD
EDID 7	EDID 8	EDID 9	EDID 10	EDID 11	EDID 12	EDID 13	EDID 14	EDID 15	EDID 16
"A- 1920x1200" MDM1119	"D- 1920x1080" MDM1080	"D- 1536x2048,3 0Hz" MDM2130	"D- 2048x2560,25 Hz" MDM2150	"D- 2048x2048,3 0Hz" MDM2222	"D- 1920x1200" MDM1111	"D- 2560x1600,3 0Hz" MDM2560	"D- 2560x1600,6 0Hz" MDM2560	"D- 2560x1440,6 0Hz" MDM2560	"A- 1920x1080" MDM1080
Analog x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Digital x	Analog x
X		•	-	•	Х	х	х	Х	Х
x		X	X		X	X	X	X	Х
					X	x	x	X	
	•	•	-	•	Х	х	х	Х	•
х		Х	х		X	X X	X	X X	Х
x					X X	X	X X	X	· X
		х	X		Х	х	х	х	
		х	х		Х	х	х	х	
х	•	•	•	•	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
x	•	· X	· X	•	· X	X	X	· X	· X
		х	х		Х	х	х	х	
х		х	х		Х	х	х	х	х
х	•	•	•	•	X	X X	X	X	х
1600x1200x		1280x1024x	•	•	x 1600x1200x	1600x1200x	x 1600x1200x	x 1600x1200x	1920x1080x
60		60	1280x1024x60		60	60	60	60	60
1280x1024x 85					1152x864x6 0	1152x864x6 0	1152x864x6 0	1152x864x6 0	1280x1024x 75
1024x768x8					1280x720x6	1280x720x6	1280x720x6	1280x720x6	1024x768x8
5					0 1400x1050x	0 1400x1050x	0 1400x1050x	0 1400x1050x	5
800x600x85					60 1440x900x6	60 1440x900x6	60 1440x900x6	60 1440x900x6	800x600x85
640x480x85					0	0 1280x1024x	0 1280x1024x	0 1280x1024x	640x480x85
						60 1920x1080x	60	60	
			-			1920x1080x 60	1920x1080x 60	1920x1080x 60	
						1920x1200x 60	1920x1200x 60	1920x1200x 60	
Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:
1920x1200x 60	1920x1080x 60	1280x1024x 60	1280x1024x60	2048x2048x 30	1920x1200x 60	2560x1440x 30	2560x1440x 60	2560x1440x 60	1920x1080x 60
Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:
154MHz	148.50MHz	108MHz	108MHz	148.50MHz	162MHz	120.60MHz	241.20MHz	241.20MHz	138,5MHz
SepSync V:- ,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:+,H:+	SepSync V:- ,H:+
Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Monitor:	Timing:	Timing:	Timing:	Monitor:	Monitor:
1920x1080x 60	1920x1080x 50	1536x2048x 30	2048x2560x25	Name:	1280x1024x 60	2560x1600x 30	2560x1600x 60	Name:	Range Limits:
							Pix		
Pix Clk: 148.50MHz	Pix Clk: 148.50MHz	Pix Clk: 128MHz	Pix Clk: 150MHz	2k x 2k x 30p	Pix Clk: 108MHz	Pix Clk: 134.10MHz	Clk:268.20 MHz	MDM Digital	V:50-85Hz, H:25-83kHz
SepSync	SepSync	SepSync	SepSync	Sob	SepSync	SepSync	SepSync	Digitai	Max Pxl
V:+,H:+	V:+,H:+	V:+,H:-	V:+,H:-		V:+,H:+	V:+,H:+	V:+,H:+		Clk:140MHz
Monitor:	Monitor:	Timing:	Timing:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:
Range Limits:	Name:	2048x1536x 30	2560x2048x25	unused	Name:	Name:	Name:	unused	Name:
V:50-85Hz, H:25-		Pix Clk:	Pix Clk:		MDM	MDM	MDM		MDM
100kHz	MDM 1080p	128MHz	128MHz		Digital	Digital	Digital		Analog HD
Max Pxl Clk:170MHz		SepSync V:+,H:-	SepSync V:+,H:-						
Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:	Monitor:
MDM		MDM	MDM						
Analog 9	unused	SMD21300	SMD21500	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused	unused